

Supplementary figure 1: Targeted ablation of the Pthrp gene in the mouse mammary epithelium.

(A) Mating strategy to obtain homozygous, heterozygous and control animals for *Pthrp* gene ablation.

(B): Top: Southern blot analysis confirming the targeted recombination of the *Pthrp* floxed allele in mammary gland DNA. 6.2 kb: wild-type allele; 5.2 kb: floxed allele. Middle: PCR analysis of mammary gland DNA for concurrent expression of the mT antigen. Bottom: PCR analysis of mammary gland DNA for concurrent expression of the Cre recombinase.

Supplementary figure 2: A small proportion of PTHrP is expressed in myoepithelial cells.

Immunofluorescence confocal image of primary tumor tissues showing co-localization of a proportion of the PTHrP expression with cytokeratin 5 in tumors from homozygous *Pthrp* ablated mice at 18 weeks compared to controls at 13 weeks (same size tumors). PTHrP staining disappears from epithelial cells in homozygous ablated mice. Yellow arrow: myoepithelial cell; white arrow: luminal epithelial cell. DAPI (blue), Ck5 (red), PTHrP (green). Scale bar 50 μ m.

Supplementary figure 3: The PTH1 receptor level is not affected in breast tumors by Pthrp ablation.

Immunofluorescence confocal image of breast tumor tissue showing no difference in expression of the PTH1 receptor with *Pthrp* ablation in same size primary tumor tissues from control (13 weeks) and homozygous mice (18 weeks). DAPI (blue), PTH1R (red). Scale bar 50 μ m.

Supplementary figure 4: The expression of the Cre recombinase enzyme by itself does not affect the levels of signaling molecules. Western blots show that the levels of expression of PTHrP, AKT1 and 2, CXCR4, Factor VIII, cyclin D1, and Bcl-2 do not vary in tumors from the Cre positive control animals if

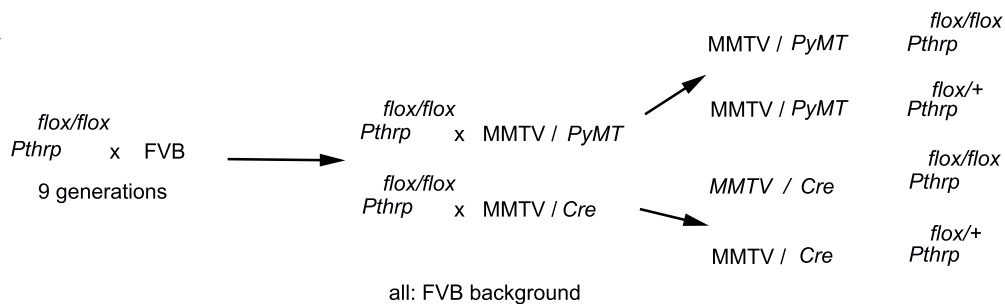
the *Pthrp* gene is not ablated, and that their levels correspond to those observed in the *Pthrp*^{fl_{ox}/fl_{ox}}; *Cre*⁻ control.

Supplementary figure 5: Cells presenting expression of the Cre recombinase show no PTHrP expression.

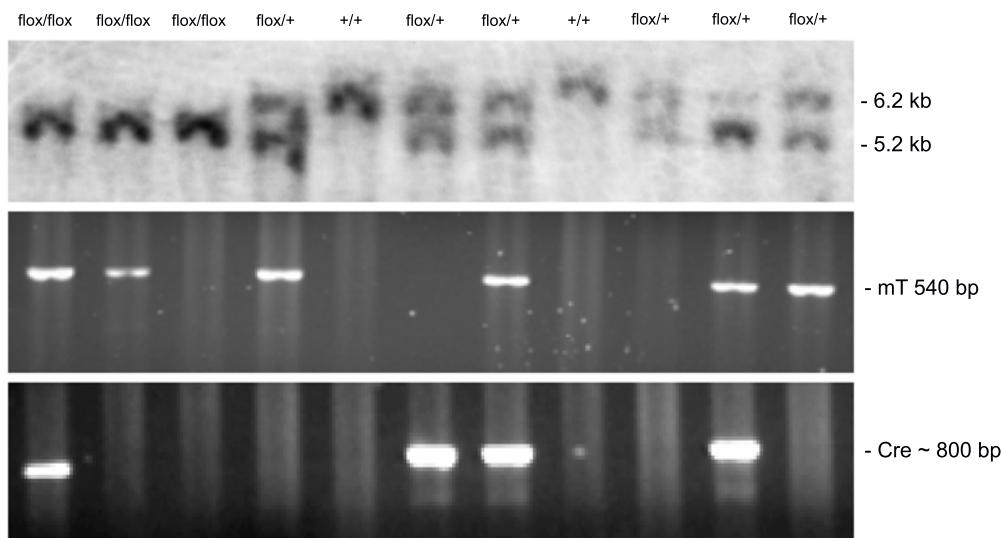
Immunofluorescence confocal images of cultured cells isolated from breast tumor tissues showing PTHrP expression only in cells without Cre staining (arrow). DAPI (blue), Cre (green), PTHrP (red).

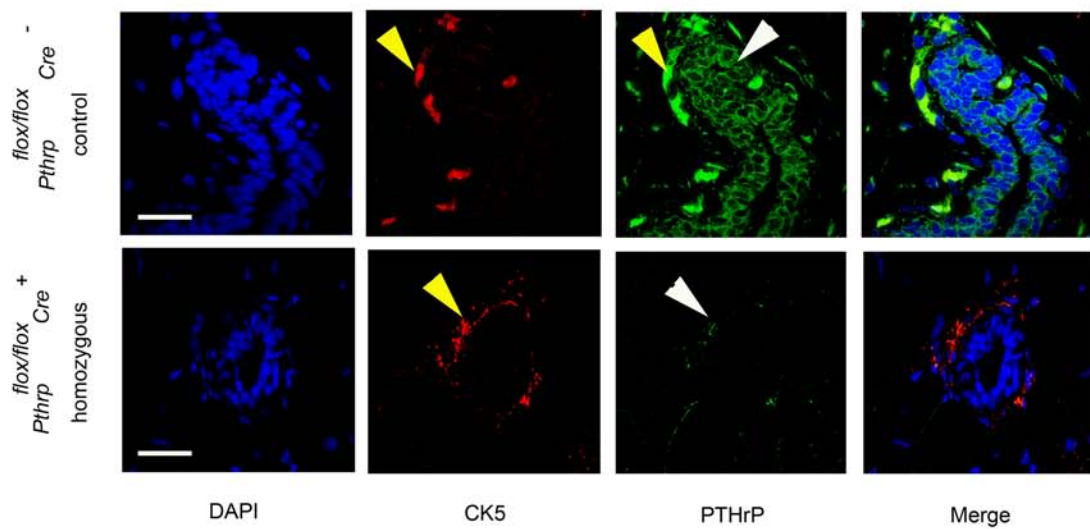
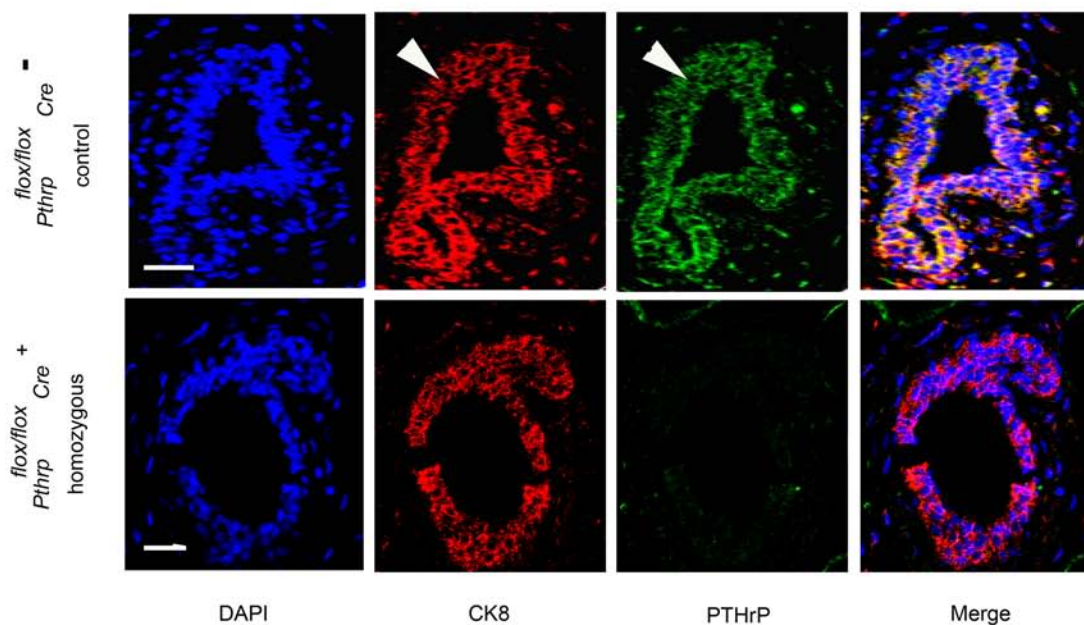
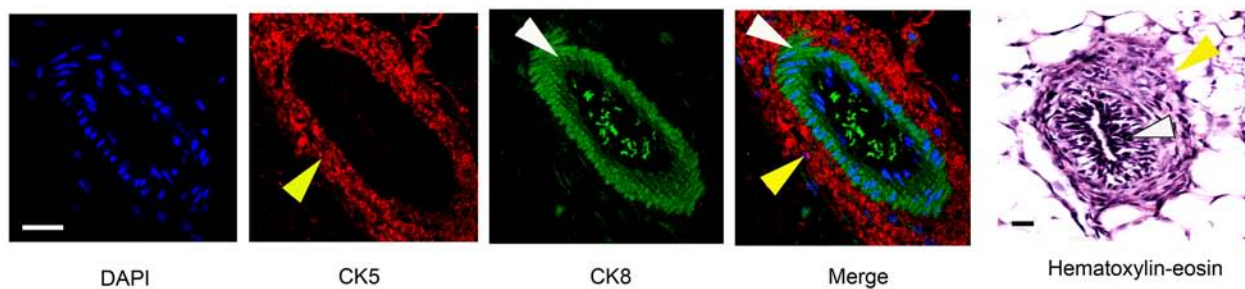
Scale bar 50 μ m.

A



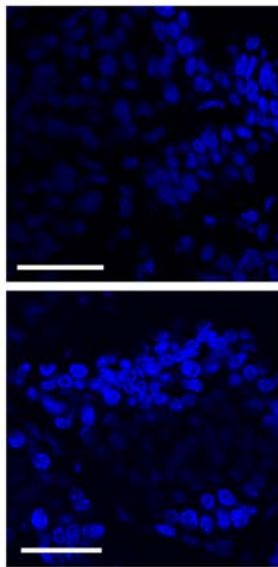
B



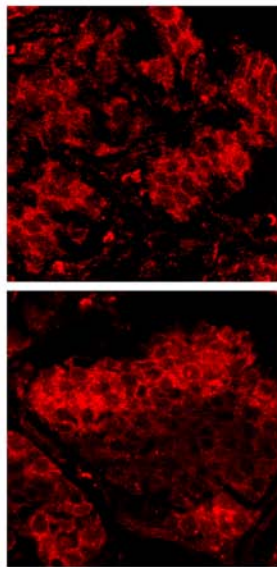
A**B****C**

breast tumor

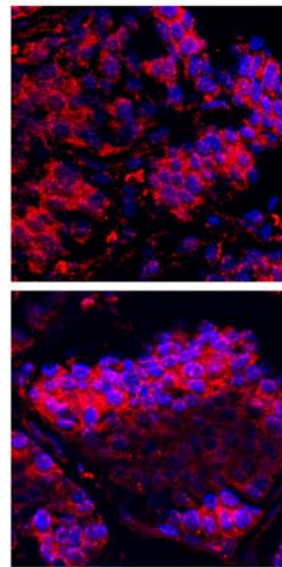
$\frac{flox/flox}{Pthrp} + Cre$ homozygous
 $\frac{flox/flox}{Pthrp} - Cre$ control



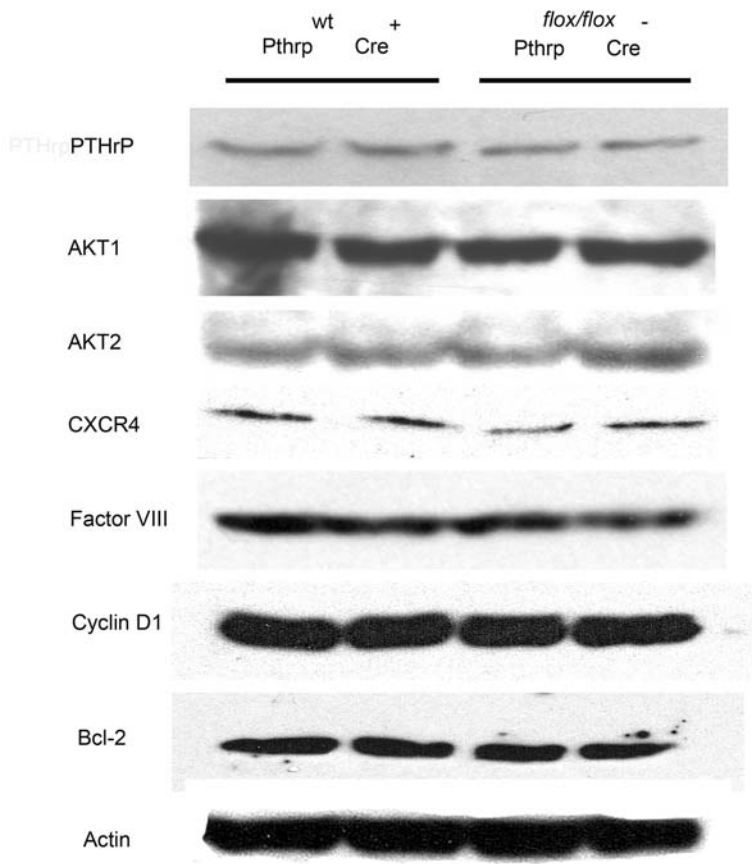
DAPI

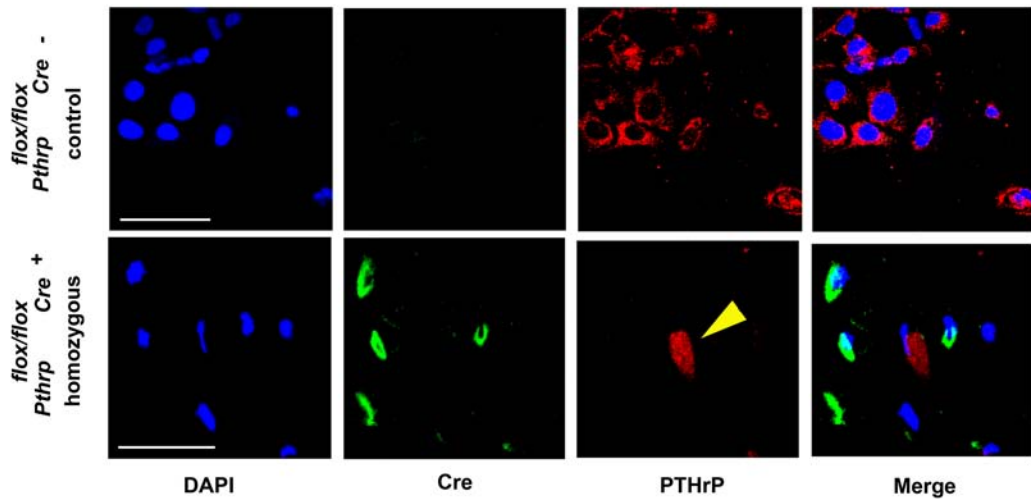


PTH 1 receptor



Merge





Supplementary table 1

	<i>Pthrp</i> ^{flox/flox} <i>Cre</i> ⁻ (n = 20) Control 1	<i>Pthrp</i> ^{flox/+} <i>Cre</i> ⁻ (n = 18) Control 2	<i>Pthrp</i> ^{wt} <i>Cre</i> ⁺ (n = 22) Control 3	<i>Pthrp</i> ^{flox/+} <i>Cre</i> ⁺ (n = 12) Heterozygous	<i>Pthrp</i> ^{flox/flox} <i>Cre</i> ⁺ (n = 30) Homozygous
Average weight of tumor load per mouse (g)	5.87 ± 1.38	5.90 ± 1.67	6.03 ± 1.0	3.03 ± 0.50 * ^o	1.59 ± 0.54 *
Average weight of primary tumors (g)	1.66 ± 0.45	1.75 ± 0.52	1.71 ± 0.63	1.03 ± 0.19 * ^o	0.59 ± 0.19 *
Average number of tumors per mouse	12.30 ± 1.70	12.50 ± 2.07	13.7 ± 1.50	8.33 ± 0.78 * ^o	5.05 ± 1.05 *

Supplementary table 1: Variation in tumor load, weight and numbers with Pthrp ablation.

Partial or total *Pthrp* ablation is accompanied by a significant reduction in tumor load, primary tumor weight and number of tumors per mouse. Figures marked with * have *p* values < 0.01 with respect to controls. Figures marked with ^o have *p* values < 0.01 with respect to homozygous values.