

Supplemental Table 1. Primer sequences for PCR amplification and sequencing of *CD81* coding regions from genomic DNA.

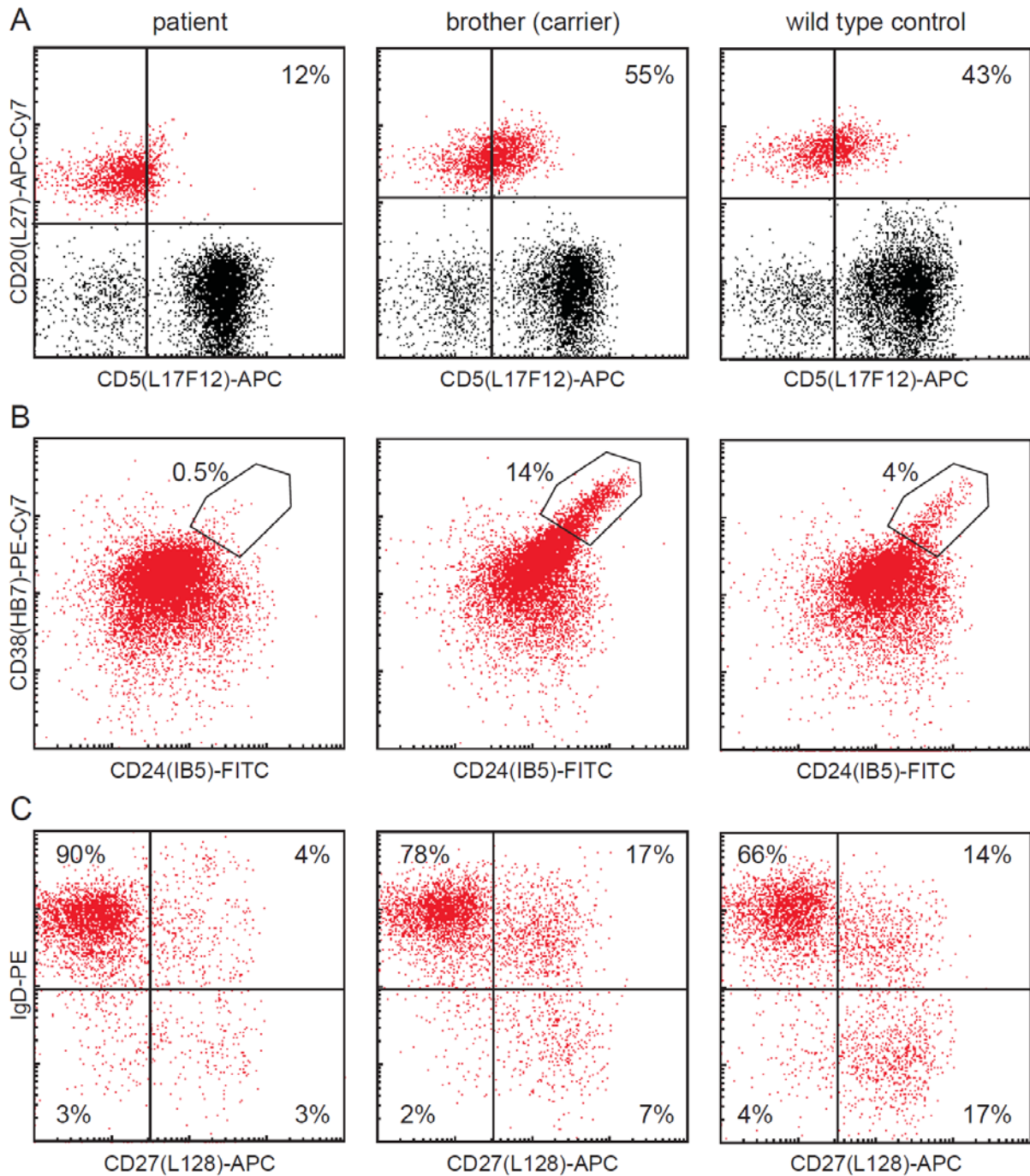
Exon	Forward primer	Forward primer sequence	Reverse primer	Reverse primer sequence
1	CD81exon1F	GGGGCGGGGCTATGGAG	CD81exon1R	GGACCTGCCCAACGTGGA
2	CD81exon2F	TGTGGGGTGGGCGCACTC	CD81exon2R	CACGCCATGCCCCGACTGT
3	CD81exon3F	ATCCCTGGCAGTCAGCAACC	CD81exon3R	TCCGCCCTGAGCACCAGC
4	CD81exon4F	GTCAGGTCGTGGGCTGGT	CD81exon4R	CTGGAGATCCTCCTGGCAAGT
5	CD81exon5F	TCTGGGGTCTAGCCTCGAAGC	CD81exon5R	CTGGGCGTAGGCAGGATT
6	CD81exon6F	GGCCCCTGGATGCATTCT	CD81exon6R	AGTGTGGTCGCTCCCTGTGG
7+8	CD81exon7+8F	CTGCGTGACAACGGGAAG	CD81exon7+8R	TATACACAGGCGGTGATGG

Supplemental Table 2. Primer sequences for PCR amplification and sequencing of *CD81* and *CD225* transcripts.

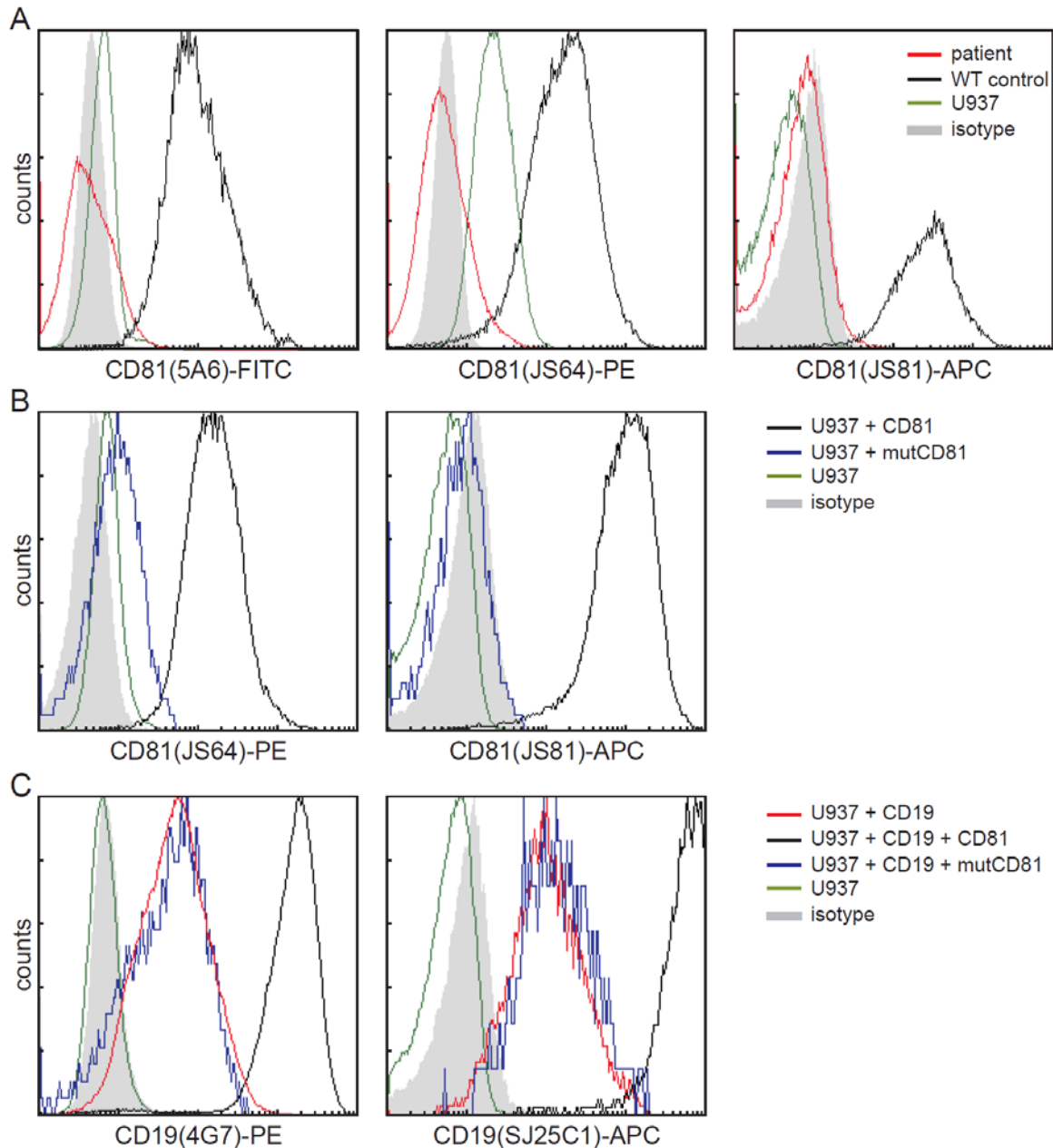
Gene	Forward primer	Forward primer sequence	Reverse primer	Reverse primer sequence
<i>CD81</i>	CD81_mRNA_F1	GACCCACCGCGCATCCT	CD81_mRNA_R1	GGATGGCCCCGTAGCAGC
	CD81_mRNA_F2	CGCCCAACACCTTCTATGTA	CD81_mRNA_R2	TGCCCGAGGGACACAAAT
	CD81_mRNA_F3	TTCCACGAGACGCTTGACTGCT	CD81_mRNA_R3	AGGCCCGTCTCCACTCAT
<i>IFITM1</i>	IFITM1_mRNA_F1	TCATTGGTCCCTGGCTAATTCAC	IFITM1_mRNA_R1	GGTCACGTCGCCAACCAT
	IFITM1_mRNA_F2	ACAGCGAGACCTCCGTGC	IFITM1_mRNA_R2	TCTAGGGGCAGGACCAAG

Supplemental Table 3. PCR primers and TaqMan probes for *CD81* transcript level quantification.

Target	Forward primer	Forward primer sequence	Reverse primer	Reverse primer sequence	TaqMan probe	TaqMan probe Sequence
total <i>CD81</i>	CD81_RQ_F	CGCCAAGGCTGTGGTGAA	CD81_RQ_R	AGAGGTTGCTGATGATGTTGCTG	T-CD81	ACTGACTGCTTTGACCACCTCAGTGCTCA
wild type <i>CD81</i>	CD81_RQ_F	CGCCAAGGCTGTGGTGAA	CD81_wt_RQ_R	CTGGTGGCAGTCCTCCTTGA	T-CD81	ACTGACTGCTTTGACCACCTCAGTGCTCA
mutant <i>CD81</i>	CD81_RQ_F	CGCCAAGGCTGTGGTGAA	CD81_ID605_RQ_R	GGCCTCGCGCATCTTGA	T-CD81	ACTGACTGCTTTGACCACCTCAGTGCTCA



Supplemental Figure 1. B-cell subset distribution in the CD81-deficient patient, her heterozygous brother and a wild type control. (A) The percentage in the upper right quadrant denotes the frequency of CD5⁺ B-cells within the total B-cell population (red). (B) The indicated percentage denotes the frequency of CD24^{hi}CD38^{hi} gated transitional B-cells. (C) The percentages denote the frequency of total naïve (upper left), CD27⁺IgD⁺ memory (upper right) and CD27⁺IgD⁻ memory B-cells.



Supplemental Figure 2. CD19 membrane expression levels in the U937 cell line depend on CD81 expression. (A) The previously reported CD81-negative U937 cell line expresses low levels of CD81 membrane expression, which can only be visualized with CD81 antibody clone JS64. (B) Retroviral transduction of wild type CD81, but not mutant CD81 (p.Glu188MetfsX13) increased CD81 expression levels in the U937 cell line. (C) Transduction of wild type CD19 results in dim CD19 membrane expression on U937 cells. Additional transduction with wild type, but not mutant CD81 resulted in high CD19 membrane expression.