

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### ANTIGEN-SPECIFIC DECIDUAL CD8+ T CELLS INCLUDE DISTINCT EFFECTOR MEMORY AND TISSUE RESIDENT MEMORY CELLS

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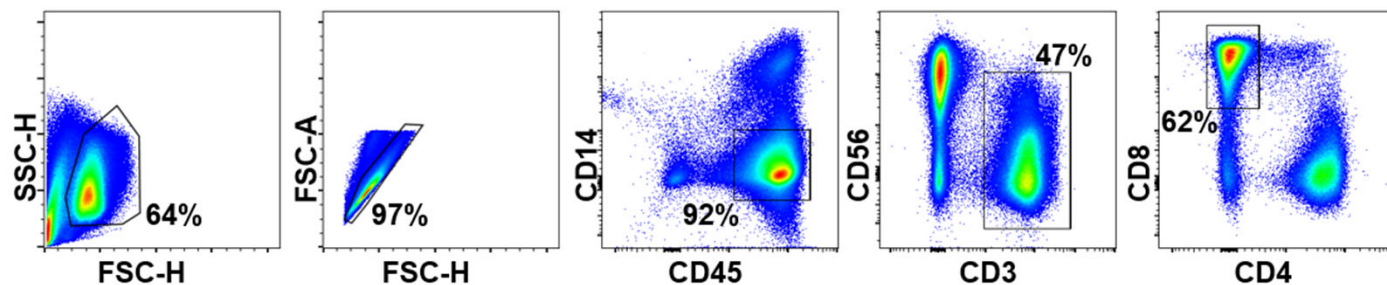
Supplementary Figure S11: Decidual CD8+ T<sub>EM</sub> and T<sub>RM</sub> clusters have distinct levels of poly-functionality

Supplementary Table S1: 21 Parameter Cytex Aurora panel.

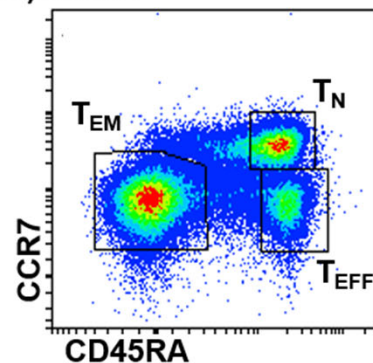
Supplementary Table S2: Sorting of CD8+ T cell clusters for functional testing.

Supplementary Table S3: List of antibodies used.

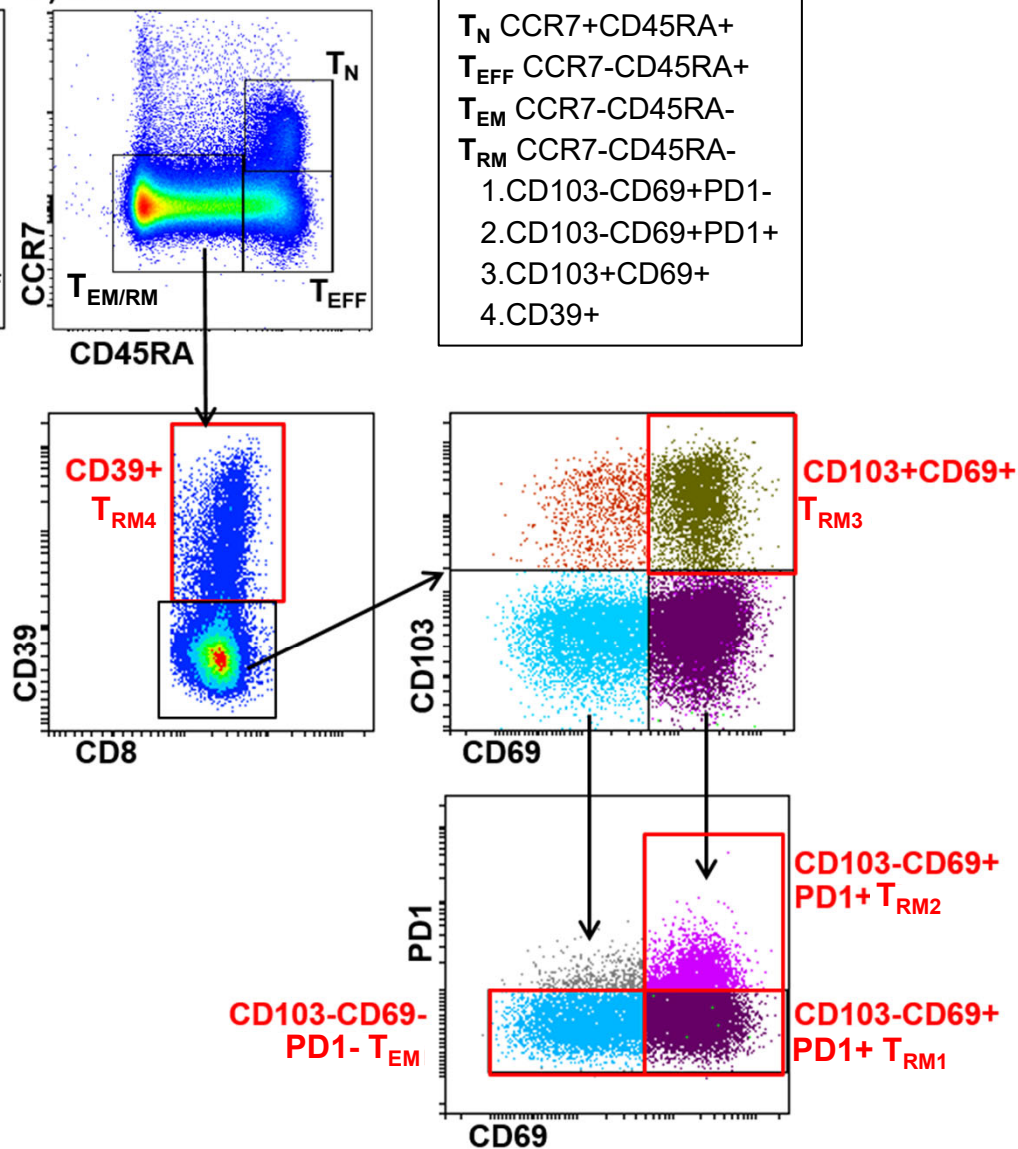
## A) Decidua



## B) Blood

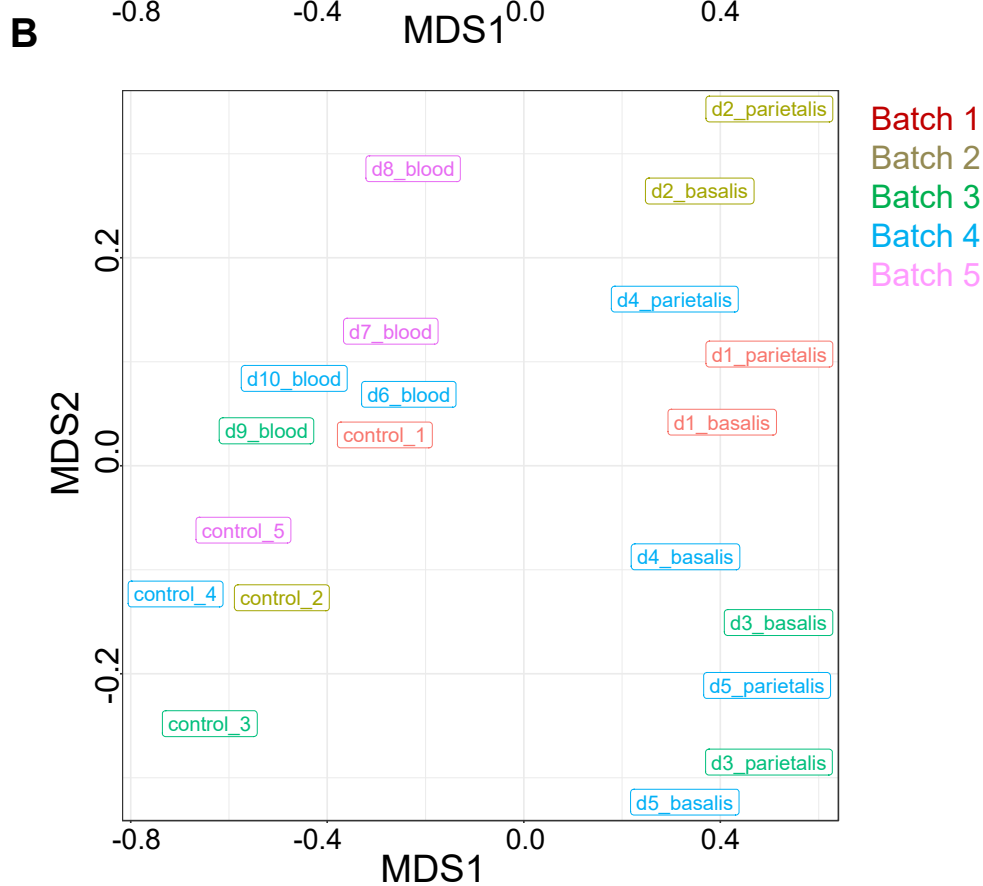
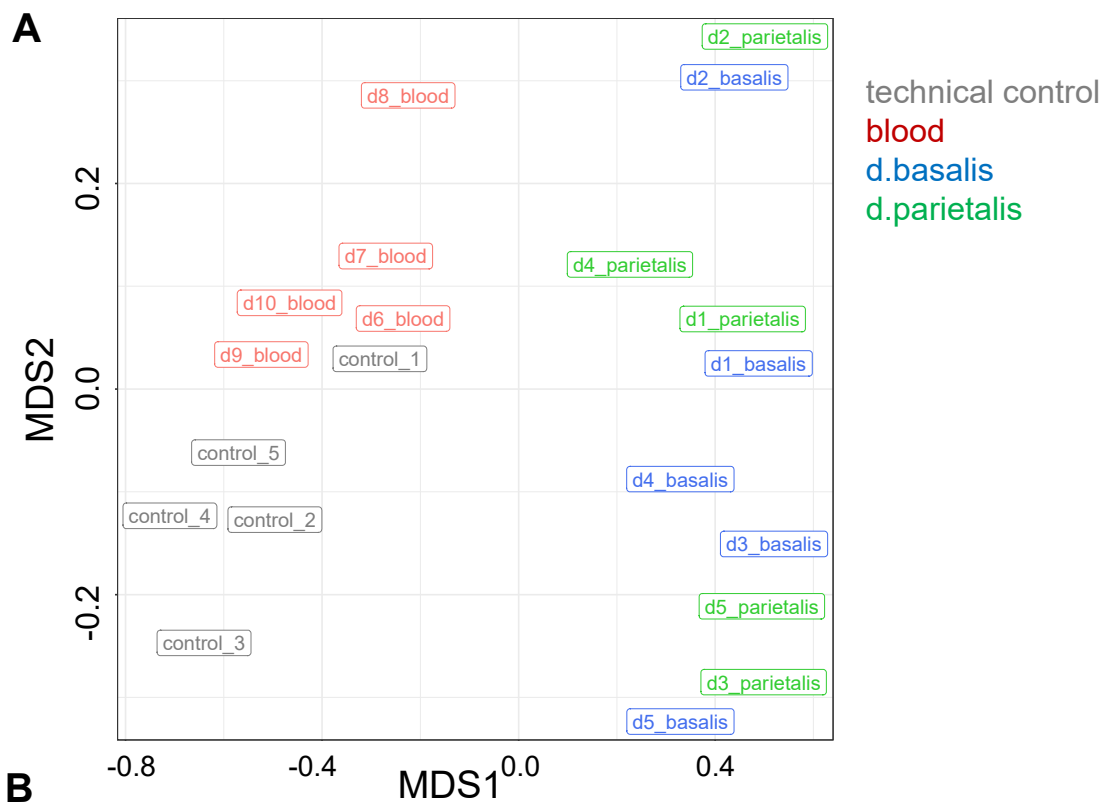


## C) Decidua

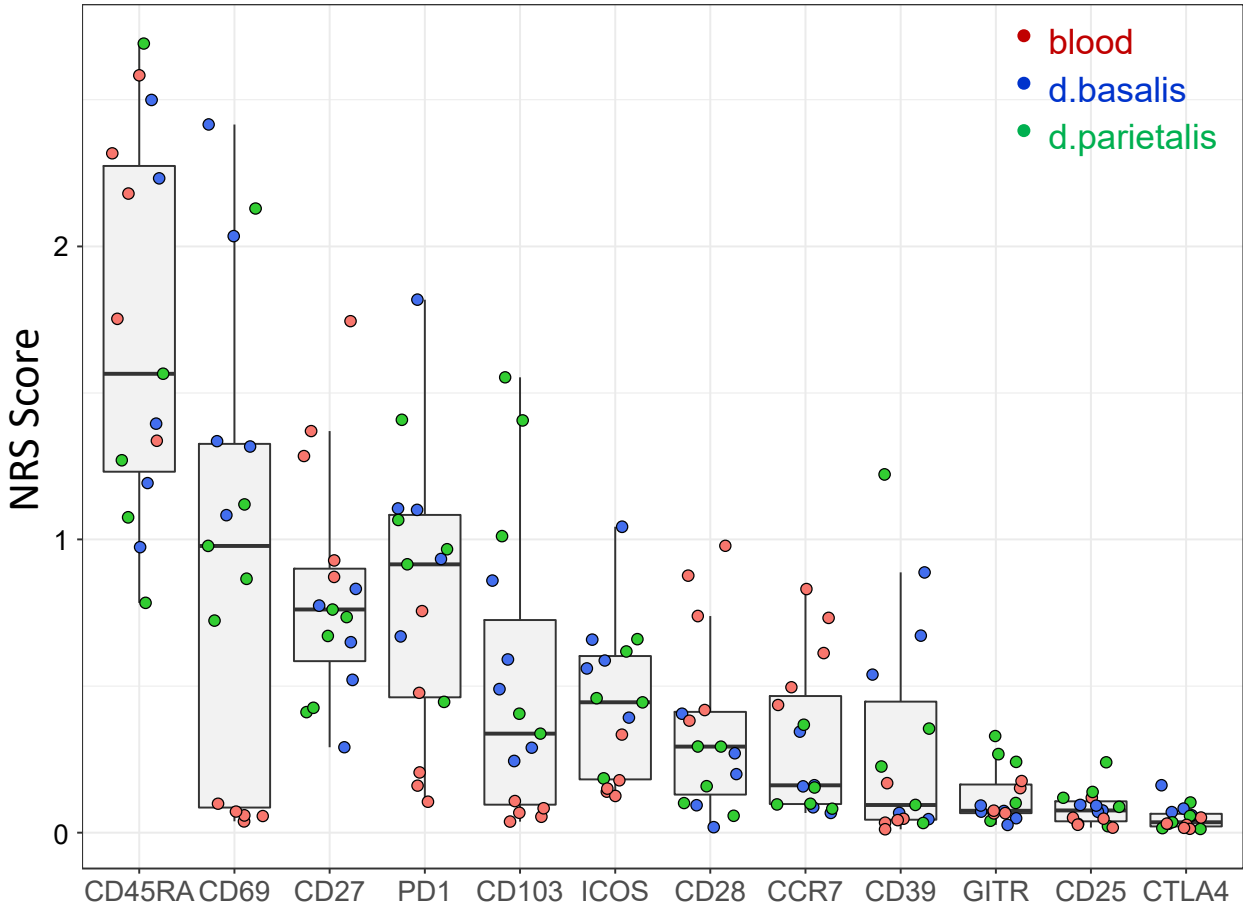
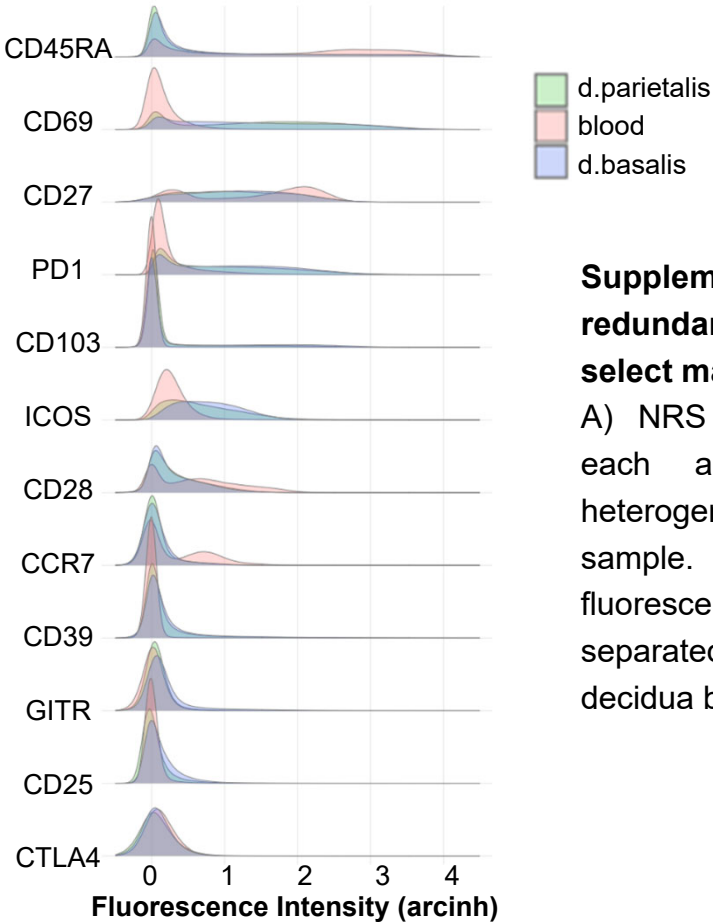


## Supplementary Figure S1. Gating Strategy

A) CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells were selected by gating on live and single cells. CD45<sup>+</sup> CD14<sup>-</sup> CD56<sup>-</sup> CD3<sup>+</sup> CD4<sup>-</sup> CD8<sup>+</sup> cells were selected in subsequent plots. B) Peripheral blood CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells were purified into CD45RA<sup>+</sup>CCR7<sup>+</sup> Naïve (T<sub>N</sub>), CD45RA<sup>+</sup>CCR7<sup>+</sup> Effector (T<sub>EFF</sub>), and CD45RA<sup>-</sup>CCR7<sup>-</sup> Effector-Memory (T<sub>EM</sub>) CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells by FACS sort. C) Decidual CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells were purified into CD45RA<sup>+</sup>CCR7<sup>+</sup> Naïve (T<sub>N</sub>), CD45RA<sup>+</sup>CCR7<sup>+</sup> Effector (T<sub>EFF</sub>) CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells, CD45RA<sup>-</sup>CCR7<sup>-</sup> CD8<sup>+</sup> Effector-Memory (T<sub>EM</sub>) and four types of CD45RA<sup>-</sup>CCR7<sup>-</sup> Resident-Memory (T<sub>RM</sub>)CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells based on the expression of CD39<sup>+</sup> (T<sub>RM4</sub>); CD39<sup>-</sup>CD103<sup>+</sup>CD69<sup>+</sup> (T<sub>RM3</sub>); CD39<sup>-</sup>CD103<sup>-</sup>CD69<sup>+</sup>PD1<sup>-</sup> (T<sub>EM1</sub>); and CD39<sup>-</sup>CD103<sup>-</sup>CD69<sup>+</sup>PD1<sup>+</sup> (T<sub>EM2</sub>) populations.

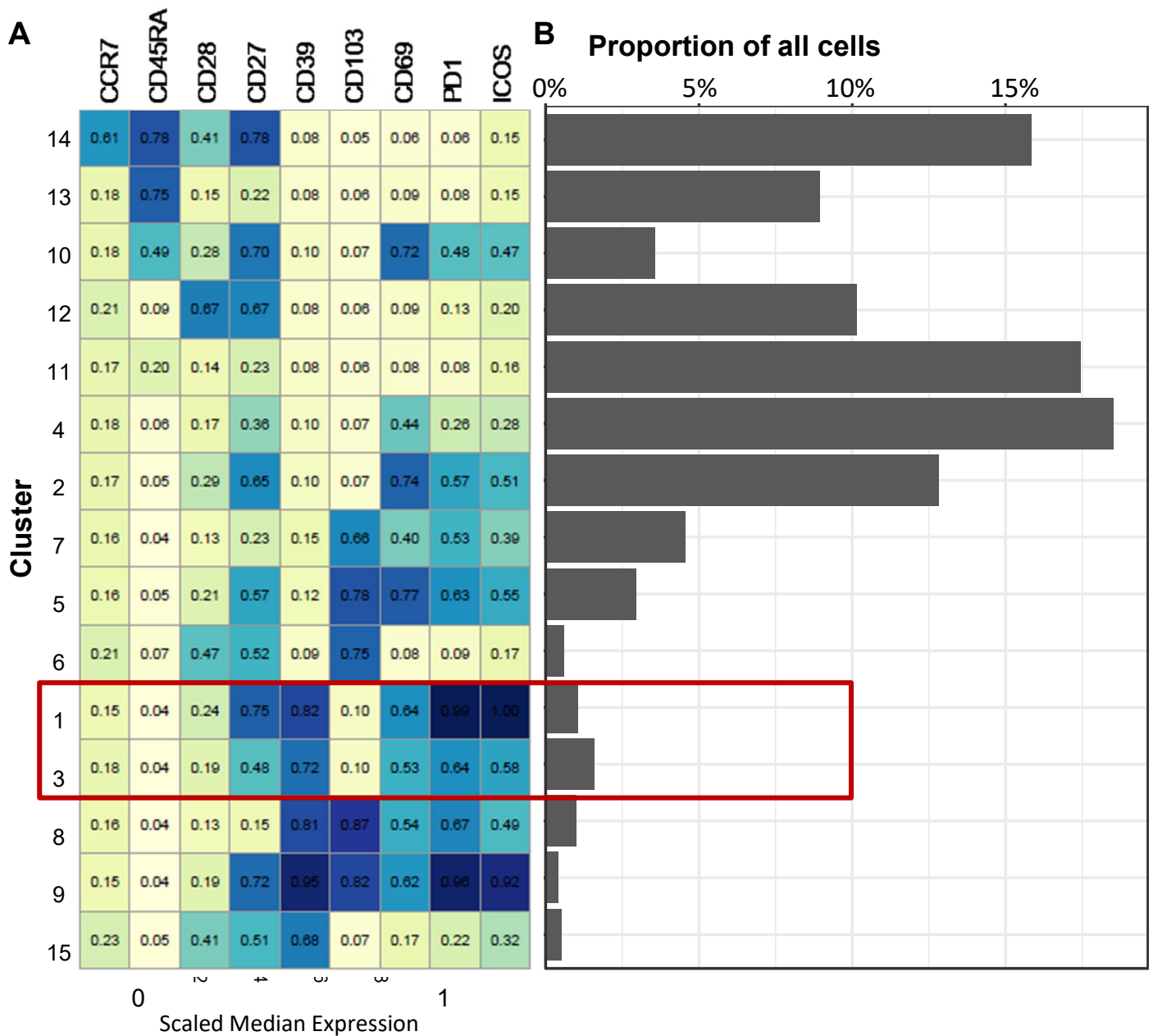


**Supplementary Figure S2. Multidimensional Scaling Plots (MDS)**  
 MDS plots separate CD8+ T cells by tissue type (A) and not by batch (B).

**A****B**

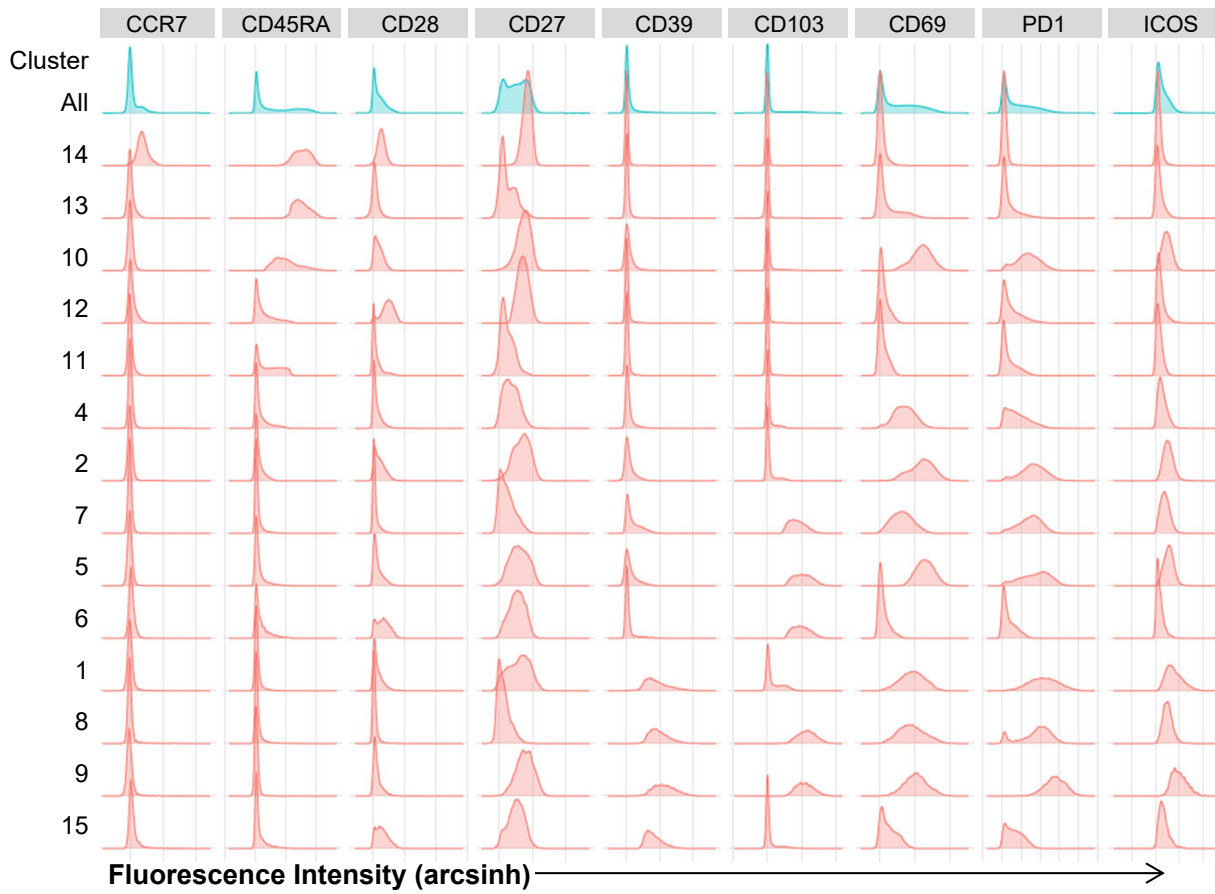
**Supplementary Figure S3. Non redundancy score (NRS) are used to select markers for clustering**

A) NRS plot depicts contribution of each antigen to CD8+ T cell heterogeneity. Each dot represents one sample. B) Density plots depict fluorescence intensity of each marker separated by tissue type (blood, decidua basalis and decidua parietalis)



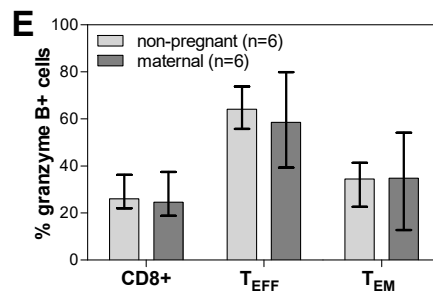
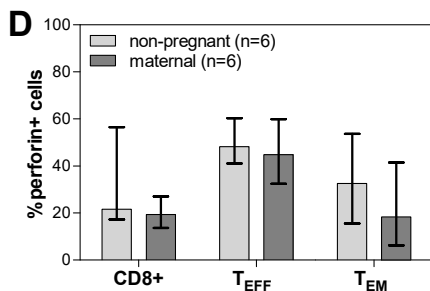
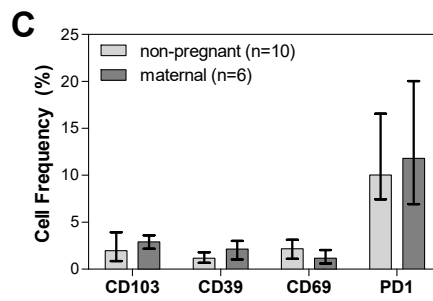
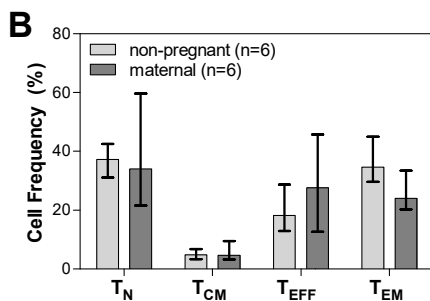
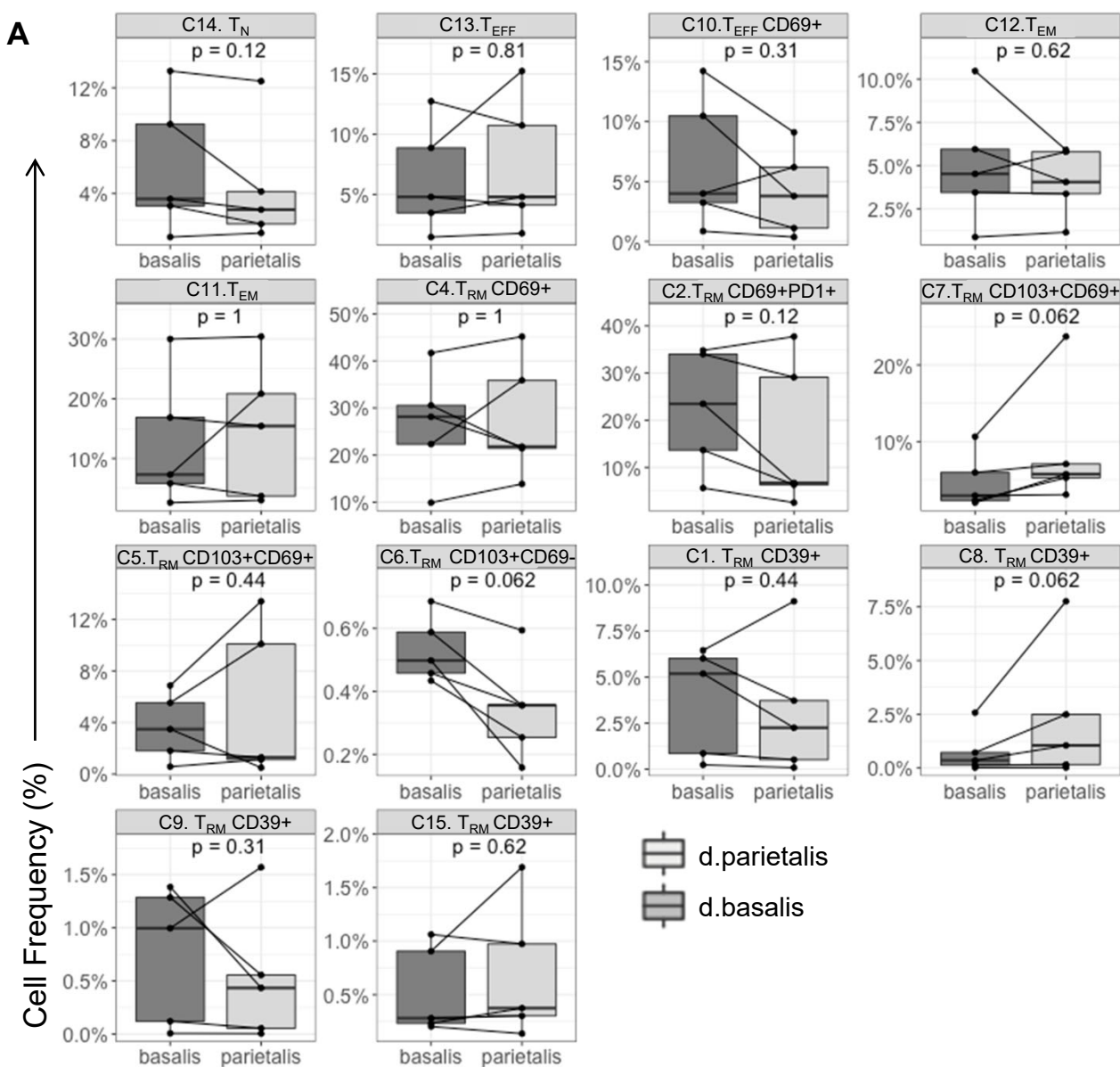
**Supplementary Figure S4. Cluster 1 and 3 are phenotypically identical**

15 FlowSOM populations were generated based on expression profiles of CD45<sup>+</sup>CD14<sup>-</sup>CD56<sup>-</sup>CD3<sup>+</sup>CD4<sup>-</sup>CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells from the blood (n=5), decidua basalis (n=5) and decidua parietalis (n=5). A) Heat map shows the arcsinh transformed scaled median fluorescence intensity of the specified markers for the 15 FlowSOM populations. B) Graph depicts the frequency of cells in each cluster as percentage of all analyzed cells. The red box identifies 2 small clusters, cluster 1 and cluster 3 that are phenotypically identical and therefore merged into cluster 1 for further analysis.



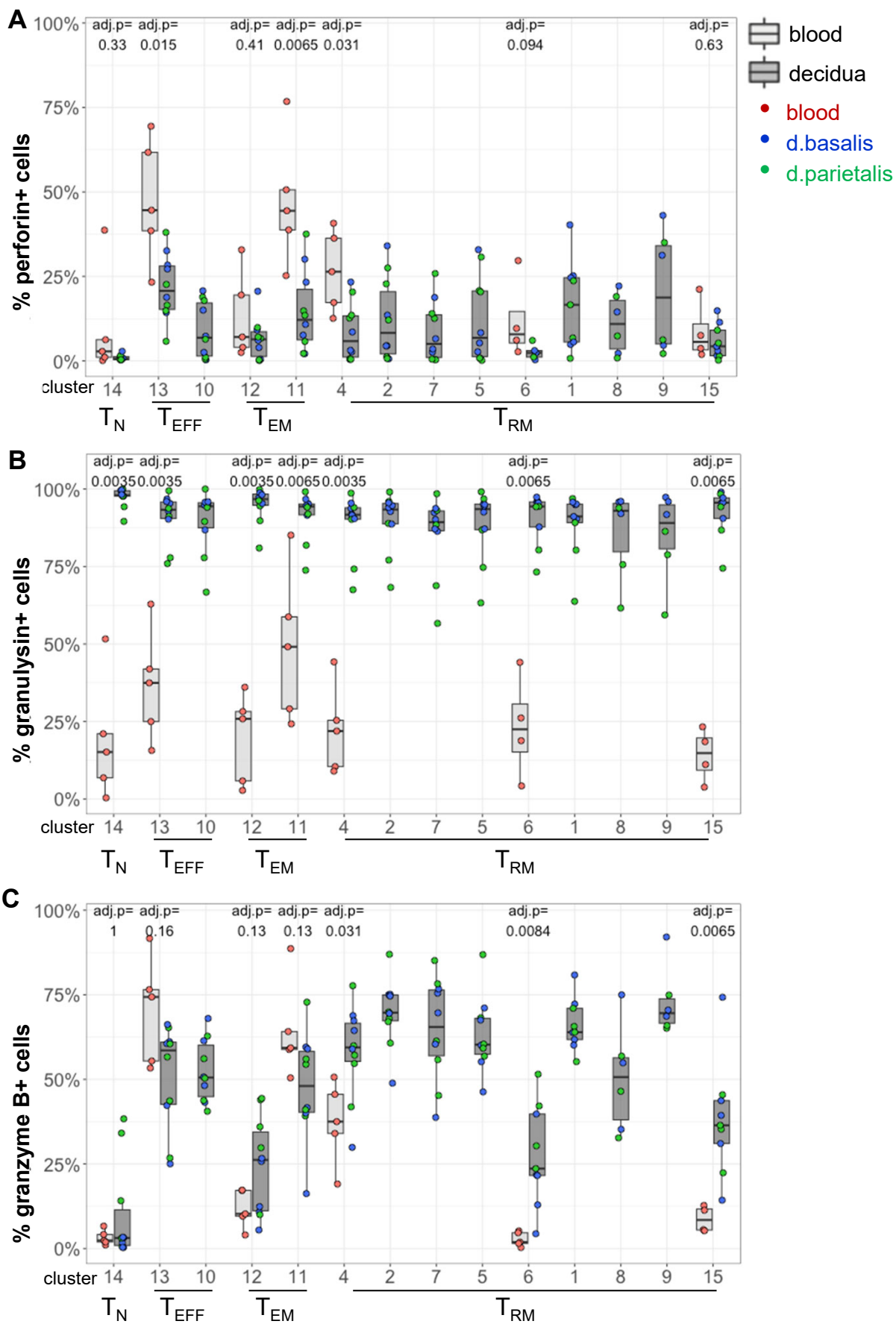
**Supplementary Figure S5. Expression profiles of FlowSOM clusters.**

Density plots show the arcsinh transformed fluorescence intensity of each marker used for FlowSOM clustering for each of the CD8+ T cell clusters.

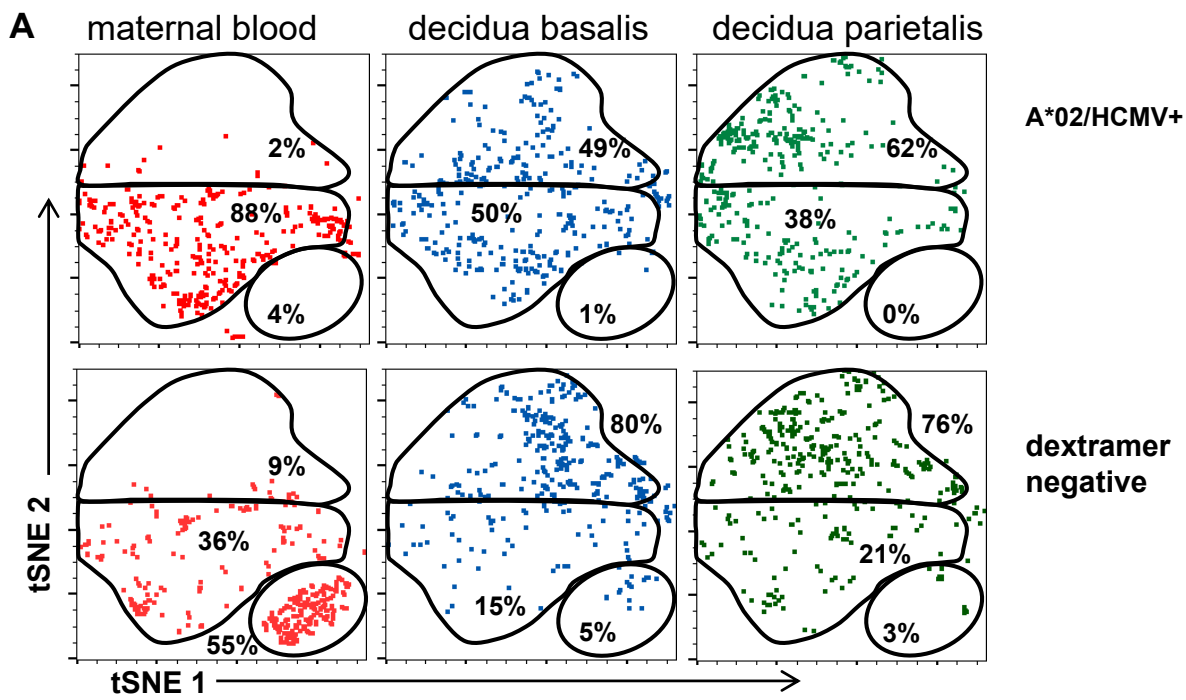


**Supplementary Figure S6. Cell Frequency per cluster are not different between decidua basalis and decidua parietalis nor between non pregnant and pregnant blood CD8+ T cells.**

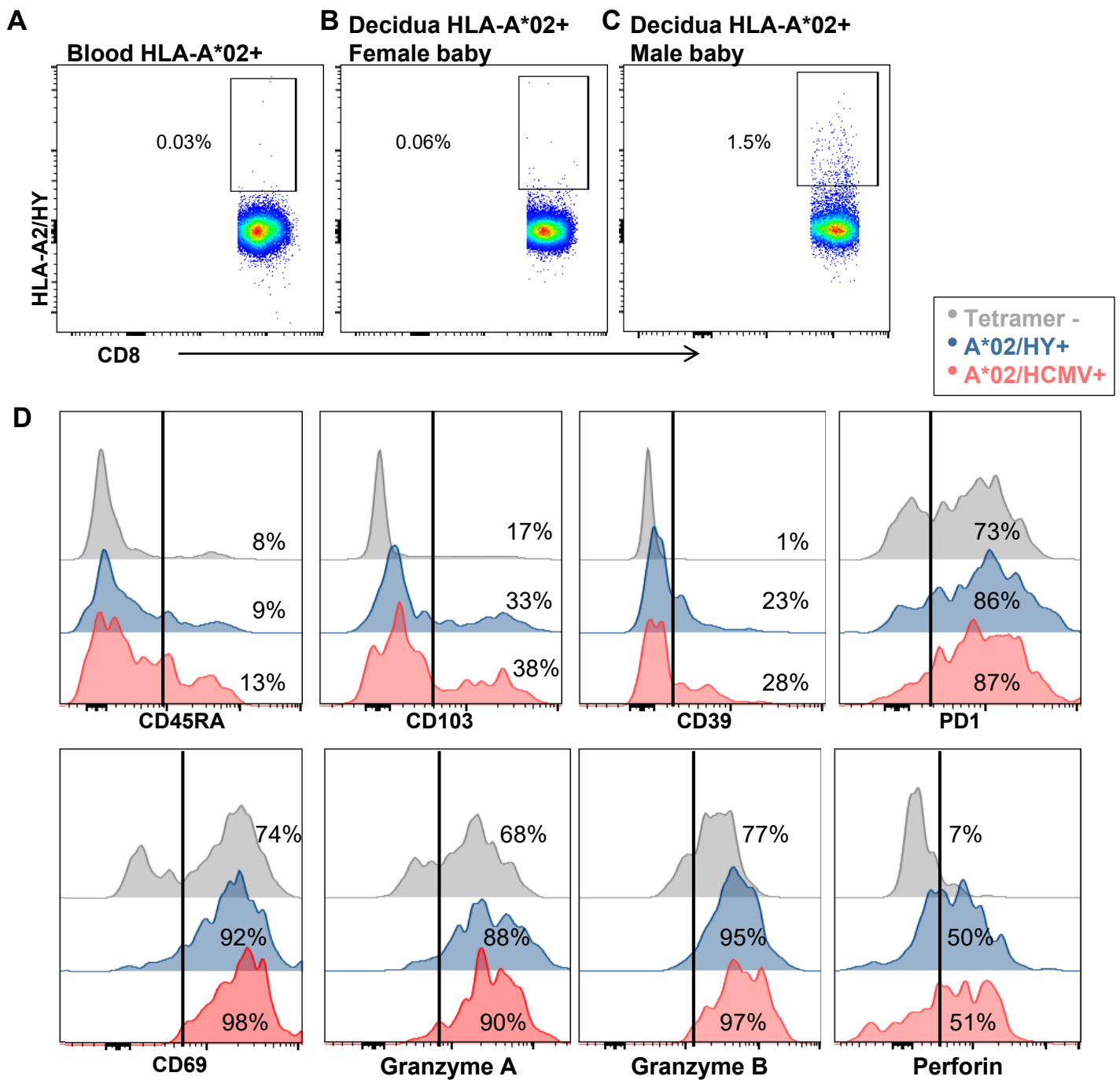
A) Graphs depict cell frequencies per cluster in decidua basalis and decidua parietalis. Boxes depict median and interquartile range. P. values determined by Wilcoxon signed-rank test. Graphs depict B) the percentage CD45RA+CCR7+  $T_N$ , CD45RA-CCR7+  $T_{CM}$ , CD45RA+CCR7-  $T_{EFF}$ , and CD45RA-CCR7-  $T_{EM}$  cells; and C) the percentage CD103, CD39, CD69 and PD1 positive cells in non-pregnant blood and maternal blood CD8+ T cells. The percentage D) perforin and E) granzyme B positive cells are shown in total CD8+ T cells, CD45RA+CCR7-  $T_{EFF}$ , and CD45RA-CCR7-  $T_{EM}$  CD8+ T cells in non-pregnant and maternal blood. Bars and lines depict median and interquartile range of 6-10 donors.



**Supplementary Figure S7. Blood and decidual CD8+ T cell clusters have distinct expression of cytolytic granules.** Graphs depicts the frequency of A) perforin+, B) granulysin+ and C) granzyme B+ cells in the CD8+ T cell clusters present in blood (n=5) (light grey boxes) and d.basalis (n=5) and d.parietalis (n=5) (dark grey boxes). Boxes depict median and interquartile range. P values by Wilcoxon rank sum test and FDR-adjusted.

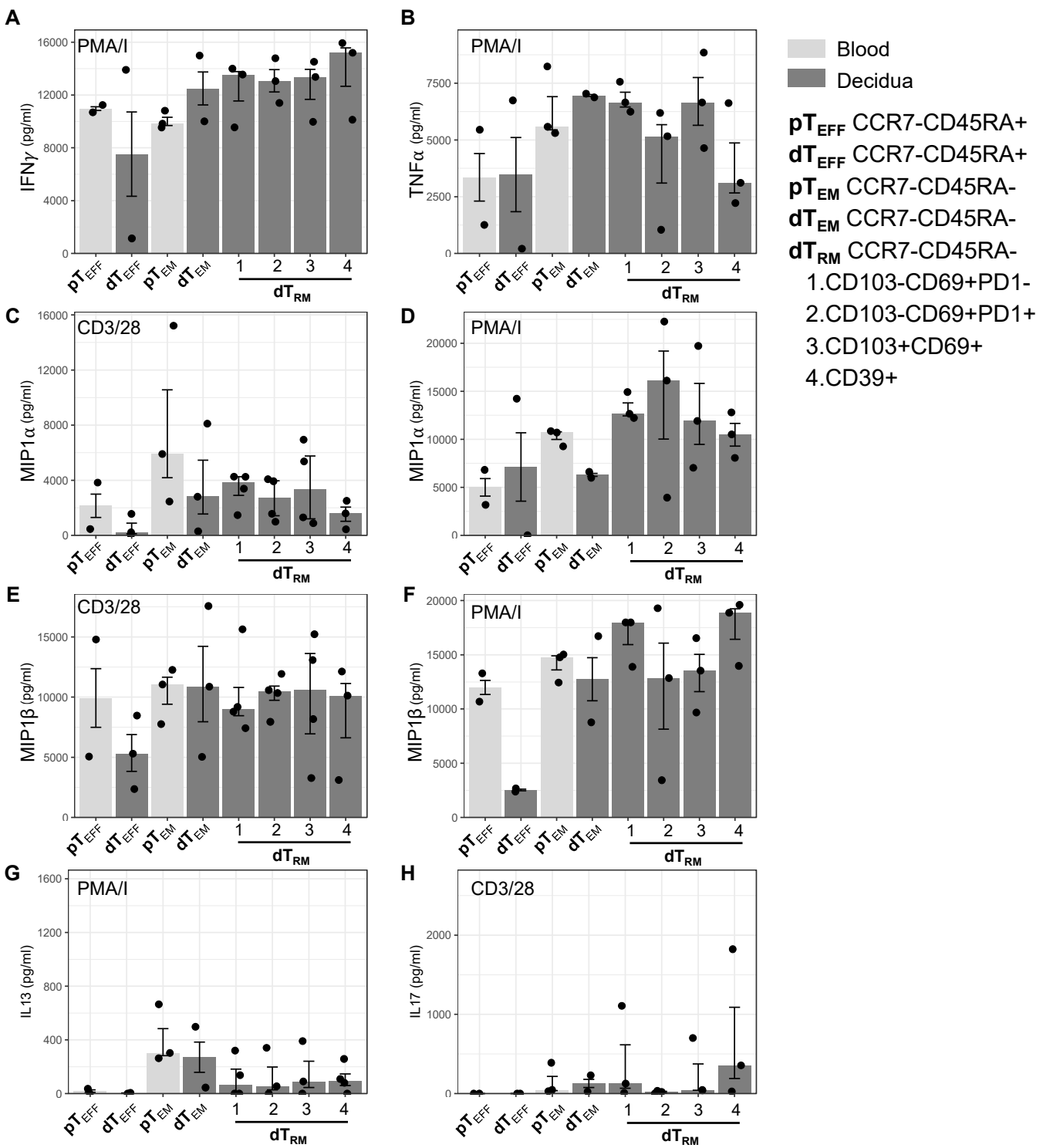


**Supplementary Figure S8. Virus-specific CD8+ T cells are distinct in blood and decidua.** tSNE plots of HLA-A2/HCMV specific cells (top) and dextramer negative cells (bottom) in maternal blood (red), decidua basalis (blue) and decidua parietalis (green) of one donor.

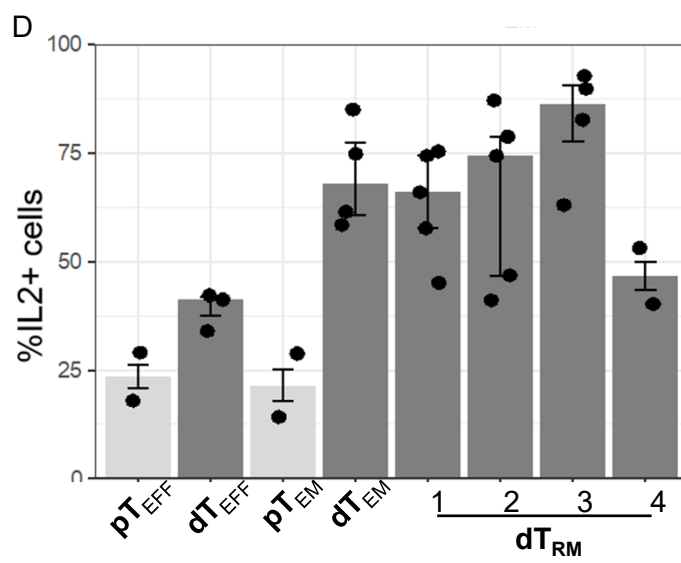
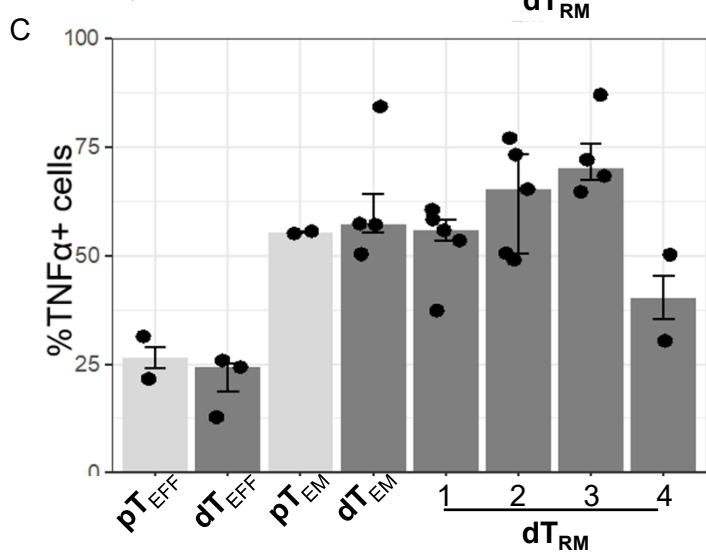
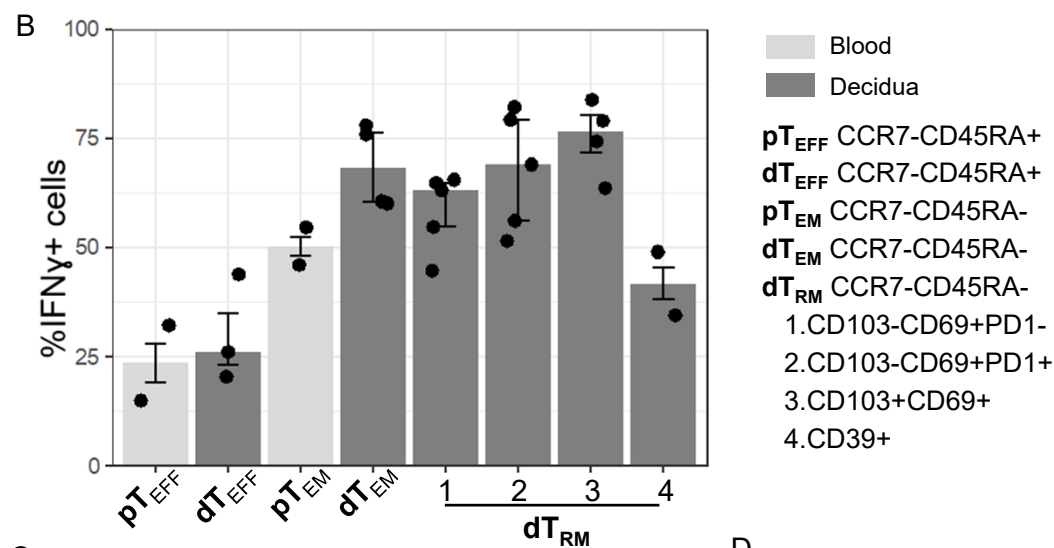
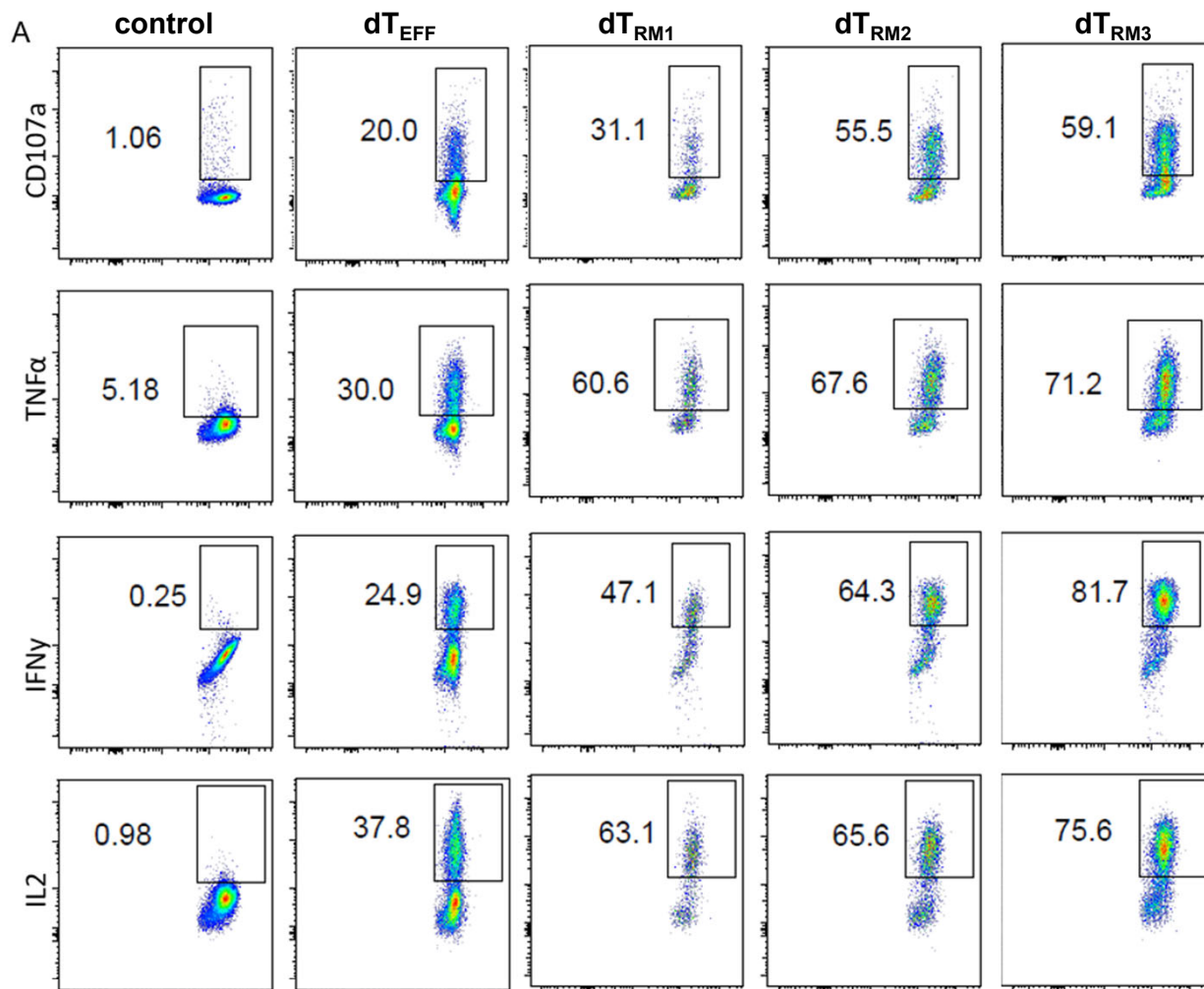


**Supplementary Figure S9. Fetus and virus-specific CD8+ T cells have similar phenotypes.**

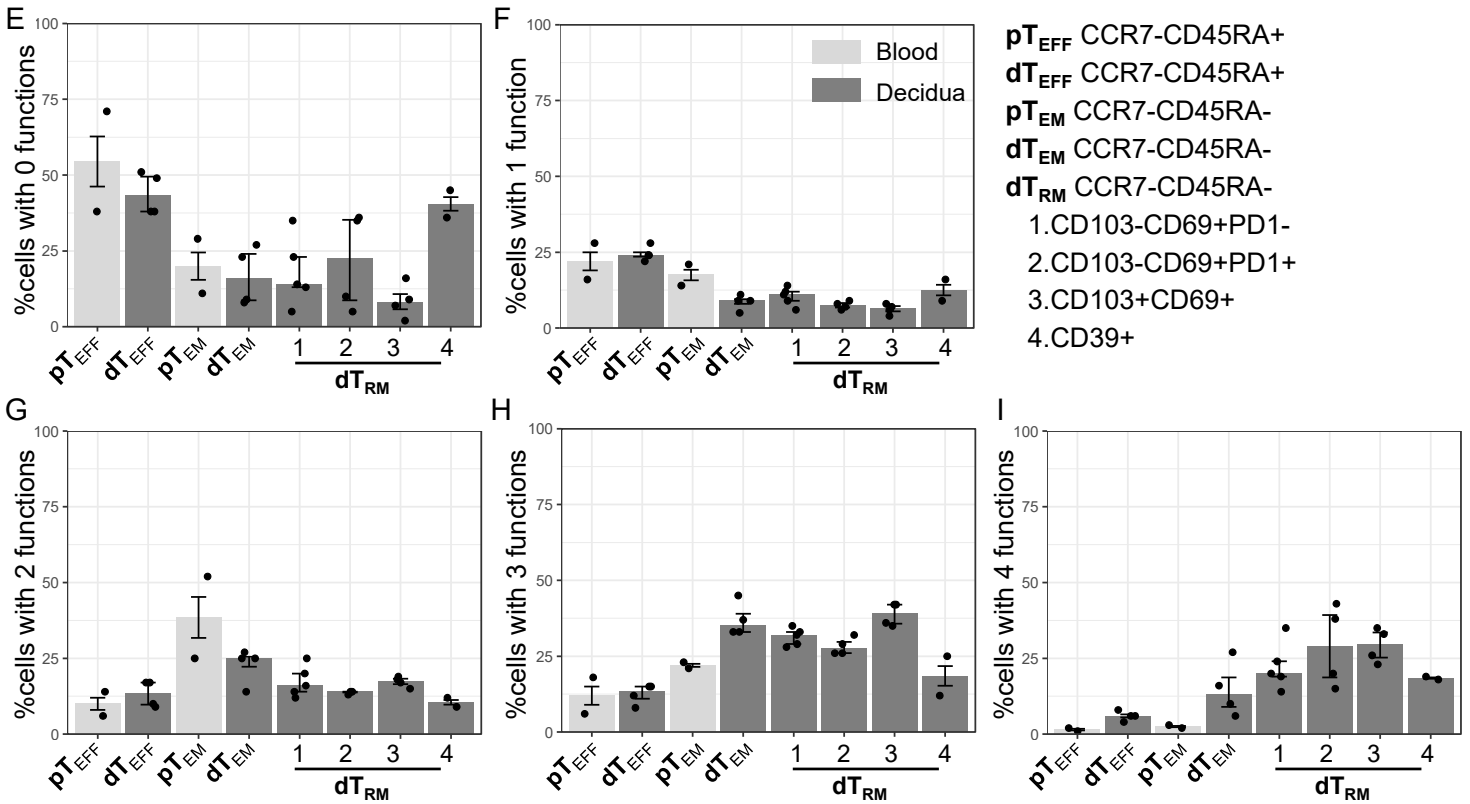
Representative FACS plots of HLA-A\*02/HY dextramer staining in A) an HLA-A\*02+ blood donor without any positive HY population B) an HLA-A\*02+ decidua donor after a pregnancy with a female fetus without any positive HY population and C) a HLA-A\*02+ decidua donor after a pregnancy with a male fetus with a clear HY population. D) Representative FACS histograms of CD45RA, CD103, CD39, PD1, CD69, granzyme A, granzyme B and perforin expression in dextramer negative (grey), HLA-A2/HY specific (blue) and HLA-A2/HCMV specific (red) decidual CD8+ T cells.



**Supplementary Figure S10. Decidual CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>EM</sub> and T<sub>RM</sub> clusters have distinct cytokine secretion profiles.** Graphs depict the concentration of A) IFN $\gamma$ ; B) TNF $\alpha$ ; C-D) MIP1 $\alpha$ ; E-F) MIP1 $\beta$ ; G) IL13 and H) IL17 in the supernatants upon CD3/28 or PMA/I stimulation (as indicated) detected by the Isoplexix human adaptive immune secretome chips. Bars depict median and interquartile range of 2 – 5 donors.



## Supplementary Figure S11 continued



### Supplementary Figure S11. Decidual CD8+ $T_{EM}$ and $T_{RM}$ have distinct levels of poly-functionality

A) Representative FACS plots depicting CD107a, IFN $\gamma$ , TNF $\alpha$ , and IL2 expression in decidual  $T_{EFF}$ ,  $T_{RM1}$ ,  $T_{RM2}$  and  $T_{RM3}$  cells stimulated with PMA/I for 6 hours compared to unstimulated control CD8+ T cells. Graphs depict the percentage of cells within  $T_{EFF}$ ,  $T_{EM}$  and four  $T_{RM}$  types positive for B) IFN $\gamma$ , C) TNF $\alpha$  and D) IL2 as well as the percentage of cells that have E) 0, F) 1, G) 2, H) 3 and I) 4 combined functions (CD107a, IFN $\gamma$ , TNF $\alpha$ , and IL2). Bars depict median and interquartile range of 2 - 5 donors.

Laser	Peak	Fluor	Antigen
UV 355	UV2	BUV395	CD4
	UV7	BUV496	CD56
	UV14	BUV737	CD3
	UV16	BUV805	CD8
VIOLET 405	V1	BV421	CD103
	V3	P.Blue	Perforin*
	V7	BV510	CD14
	V10	BV605	CD69
	V11	BV650	CD28
	V13	BV711	ICOS
	V14	BV750	CD27
BLUE 488	B2	AF488	GNLY*
	B3	SB550	CD45
YG 561	YG1	PE	CD25
	YG3	PE/Dzle594	CD39
	YG5	PE/Cy5	CD45RA
	YG9	PE/Cy7	PD1
RED 640	R1	APC	GITR
	R2	AF647	GZMB*
	R4	AF700	CCR7
	R7	APC/Fire750	CTLA4*

**Supplementary Table S1.** 21 Parameter Cytex Aurora panel.

\*Intracellular Staining

	<b>Name</b>	<b>Phenotype</b>	<b>Clusters</b>
<b>Blood</b>	pT <sub>N</sub>	CD45RA+CCR7+	14
	pT <sub>EFF</sub>	CD45RA+CCR7-	13
	pT <sub>EM</sub>	CD45RA-CCR7-	6, 11, 12, 15
<b>Decidua</b>	dT <sub>N</sub>	CD45RA+CCR7+	14
	dT <sub>EFF</sub>	CD45RA+CCR7-	10, 13
	dT <sub>EM</sub>	CD45RA-CCR7- CD39-CD103-CD69-PD1-	11, 12
	dT <sub>RM1</sub>	CD45RA-CCR7- CD39-CD103-CD69+PD1-	4
	dT <sub>RM2</sub>	CD45RA-CCR7- CD39-CD103+CD69+PD1+	2
	dT <sub>RM3</sub>	CD45RA-CCR7- CD39-CD103+CD69+	5, 7
	dT <sub>RM4</sub>	CD45RA-CCR7- CD39+	1, 8, 9,15

**Supplementary Table S2.** Sorting of CD8+ T cell populations for functional testing

Antigen	Fluor	Clone	Company
CD4	BUV395	M-T477	BD Biosciences
	BV785	RPA-T4	Biolegend
CD56	BUV496	NCAM16.2	BD Biosciences
	PE	HCD56	Biolegend
CD3	BUV737	UCHT1	BD Biosciences
CD8	BUV805	RPA-T8	BD Biosciences
	APC	SKI	Biolegend
	BV510	HIT8a	Biolegend
CD103	BV421	Ber-ACT8	Biolegend
CD14	BV480	MOP9	BD Biosciences
	PerCP	HCD14	Biolegend
CD69	BV605	FN50	Biolegend
CD28	BV650	CD28.2	Biolegend
ICOS	BV711	C398.4A	Biolegend
CD27	BV750	O323	Biolegend
CD45	APC-Cy7	2D1	Biolegend
	SB550	2D1	Biolegend
CD25	PE	2A3	Biolegend
CD39	PE/Dzle594	A1	Biolegend
CD45RA	PE/Cy5	HI100	Biolegend
PD1	PE/Cy7	EH12.1	Biolegend
GITR	APC	DT5D3	Miltenyi Biotec
CCR7	A700	G043H7	Biolegend
	AF488	G043H7	Biolegend
TIGIT	PerCP/eF710	MBSA43	Biolegend
CTLA4	APC/Fire750	BNI3	Biolegend
GZMB	A488	351927	Invitrogen
GNLY	A647	DH2	Biolegend
Perforin	P.Blue	DG9	Biolegend
IFN $\gamma$	APC	4S.B3	Biolegend
TNF $\alpha$	P.Blue	MAb11	Biolegend
IL-2	PE	MQ1-17H12	Biolegend
CD107a	PerCP/CY5.5	H4A3	Biolegend
Caspase 3/7 detection reagent	Green	N/A	Invitrogen
HLA-A*02:01_HCMV_NLVPMVATV	FITC	N/A	Immudex,Denmark
HLA-A*02:01_HY_FIDSYICQV	PE	N/A	Immudex,Denmark

**Supplementary Table 3. List of Antibody's used.**