Supplementary Figures

Supplemental Figure 1. Immune cell composition is not altered in the absence of HECTD3. (A) Targeting strategy used to generate *Hectd3^{-/-}* mice and primers used for genotyping. (B) Genotyping of offspring generated from breeding of *Hectd3* heterozygous mice. (C) Western blot analysis of HECTD3 in the liver, kidney, and brain of WT and *Hectd3^{-/-}* mice. (D) Flow cytometry analysis of CD4⁺ T cells, CD8⁺ T cells, B cells, and neutrophils in the bone marrow (BM), spleen, and peripheral blood from WT and *Hectd3^{-/-}* mice. (E) Flow cytometry analysis of dendritic cells in the spleen from WT and *Hectd3^{-/-}* mice. (F) Flow cytometry analysis of macrophages in the spleen from WT and *Hectd3^{-/-}* mice. (G) Flow cytometry analysis of basophils in BM from WT and *Hectd3^{-/-}* mice. Data represent 3 independent experiments.

Supplemental Figure 2. HECTD3 deficiency attenuates the susceptibility of mice to *F. novicida* **infection.** (**A**) *Hectd3^{-/-}* mice and littermate WT controls were infected subcutaneously with *F. novicida* (3.0×10^5 CFUs) for 2 days. WT mice exhibited ruffled fur and hunched back. (**B**) Production of TNF-α, IL-6, IL-1β, and IFN-β in sera from WT and *Hectd3^{-/-}* mice infected with *F. novicida* for 2 days. Data represent 3 independent experiments and are presented as mean±SEM. *, *P*<0.05; ***, *P*<0.001; ns, not significant.

Supplemental Figure 3. Immune cell composition in lungs is comparable between WT and *Hectd3^{-/-}* mice at 12 h after intranasal infection with *F*.

novicida. (A-C) *Hectd3^{-/-}* mice and littermate WT controls were intranasally infected with *F. novicida* (800 CFUs per mouse) for 3 days, and bacterial burden was analyzed in the lungs (A), peripheral blood (B), and spleen (C). (D–G) *Hectd3^{-/-}* mice and littermate WT controls were intranasally infected with GFP-expressing *F. novicida* (5,000 CFUs per mouse) for 12 h. (D) Bacterial burden was analyzed in lungs of WT and *Hectd3^{-/-}* mice after *F. novicida* infection. (E) Flow cytometry analysis of total macrophages and GFP⁺ macrophages in lungs of WT and *Hectd3^{-/-}* mice after *F. novicida* infection. (F) Flow cytometry analysis of total neutrophils in lungs of WT and GFP⁺ neutrophils in lungs of WT and *Hectd3^{-/-}* mice after *F. novicida* infection. (G) Flow cytometry analysis of total B cells and T cells in lungs of WT mice after *F. novicida* infection. Each symbol indicates an individual mouse. Data represent 2 independent experiments and are presented as mean±SEM. *, *P*<0.05; **, *P*<0.01; ns, not significant.

Supplemental Figure 4. Differentially expressed genes in uninfected and *F. novicida*–infected WT and *Hectd3*^{-/-} BMDMs. (A) RNA sequencing analysis of gene expression in uninfected and *F. novicida*–infected WT and *Hectd3*^{-/-} BMDMs for 8 (*F. n* 8 h) and 12 (*F. n* 12 h) h, respectively. Differentially expressed genes in WT and *Hectd3*^{-/-} BMDMs are shown. (B) Differentially expressed genes in *F. novicida*–infected WT BMDMs for 8 h (WT_8) versus uninfected WT BMDMs (WT_0). (C) Differentially expressed genes in *F. novicida*–infected *Hectd3*^{-/-} BMDMs for 8 h (KO_8) versus uninfected *Hectd3*^{-/-} BMDMs (KO_0). (D) Differentially expressed genes in *F. novicida*–infected WT

BMDMs for 12 h (WT_12) versus uninfected WT BMDMs (WT_0). (**E**) Differentially expressed genes in *F. novicida*–infected *Hectd3^{-/-}* BMDMs for 12 h (KO_12) versus uninfected *Hectd3^{-/-}* BMDMs (KO_0). Red and green dots indicate upregulated and downregulated genes, respectively.

Supplemental Figure 5. HECTD3 mediates type I IFN production in response to *F. novicida*, *Mycobacterium*, *Listeria*, and *E. coli* infection. (A) BMDMs from WT and *Hectd3^{-/-}* mice were infected with *F. novicida* (100 MOI) for indicated times, and expression of *lfit*, *lrf1*, *lsg15*, *ll6*, *ll1a*, and *Hectd3* was analyzed by qRT-PCR. (B) BMDMs from WT and *Hectd3^{-/-}* mice were infected with BCG-GFP (100 MOI) for indicated times, and expression of *lfnb*, *Cxcl9*, *lrf1*, *Mx1*, *lfng*, *ll6*, *Tnfa*, and *Hectd3* was analyzed by qRT-PCR. (C) BMDMs from WT and *Hectd3^{-/-}* mice were infected with *L. monocytogenes* (20 MOI) for indicated times, and gene expression of *lfnb*, *Cxcl9*, *lrf1*, *Mx1*, *ll6*, and *Tnfa* was analyzed by qRT-PCR. (D) BMDMs from WT and *Hectd3^{-/-}* mice were infected with *E. coli* (100 MOI) for indicated times, and expression of *lfnb*, *Cxcl9*, *lrf1*, *Mx1*, *ll6*, and *Tnfa* was analyzed by qRT-PCR. (D) BMDMs from WT and Hectd3^{-/-} mice were infected with *E. coli* (100 MOI) for indicated times, and expression of *lfnb*, *Cxcl9*, *lrf1*, *Mx1*, *ll6*, and *Tnfa* was analyzed by qRT-PCR. (D) BMDMs from WT and Hectd3^{-/-} mice were infected with *E. coli* (100 MOI) for indicated times, and expression of *lfnb*, *Cxcl9*, *lrf1*, *Mx1*, *ll6*, and *Tnfa* was analyzed by qRT-PCR. (D) BMDMs from WT and Hectd3^{-/-} mice were infected with *E. coli* (100 MOI) for indicated times, and expression of *lfnb*, *Cxcl9*, *lrf1*, *Mx1*, *ll6*, and *Tnfa* was analyzed by qRT-PCR. Data represent 3 independent experiments and are presented as mean±SEM. *, *P*<0.05; **, *P*<0.01; ****, *P*<0.001; ****, *P*<0.001; ns, not significant.

Supplemental Figure 6. HECTD3 mediates type I IFN production in response to HSV infection. (A) BMDMs from WT and $Hectd3^{-/-}$ mice were infected with HSV (3 MOI) for indicated times, and expression of *lfnb*, *Cxcl9*, *Mx1*,

Irf1, *Tnf*, and *Hectd3* was analyzed by qRT-PCR. (**B**) Immunoblot analysis of phosphorylation of TBK1 and IRF3, and total TBK1 and IRF3 in uninfected and HSV–infected WT and *Hectd3^{-/-}* BMDMs. Data represent 2 independent experiments and are presented as mean±SEM. *, *P*<0.05; **, *P*<0.01; ***, *P*<0.001; ns, not significant.

Supplemental Figure 7. Cell death is reduced in *Hectd3^{-/-}* BMDMs during *F. novicida* infection. (A) Immunoblot analysis of caspases 1, 3, 8 and 11, ZBP1, and MLKL phosphorylation in uninfected and *F. novicida*–infected WT and *Hectd3^{-/-}* BMDMs for 14 h. GAPDH was used as loading control. (B) LDH release in uninfected and *F. novicida*-infected WT and *Hectd3^{-/-}* BMDMs for 14 h. (C) Microscopy analysis of uninfected and *F. novicida*–infected WT and *Hectd3^{-/-}* BMDMs for 14 h. Data represent 3 independent experiments. Scale bars, 20 µm for (C).

Supplemental Figure 8. HECTD3 is required for inflammasome activation during *Mycobacterium* and *Listeria* infection. (A) WT and *Hectd3^{-/-}* BMDMs were stimulated with lipopolysaccharide and ATP for NLRP3 inflammasome activation and infected with *Salmonella* for NLRC4 inflammasome activation. (**B** and **C**) WT and *Hectd3^{-/-}* BMDMs were transfected with plasmid DNA (**B**) or poly(dA:dT) (**C**) for canonical AIM2 inflammasome activation. (**D**) Immunoblot analysis of LC3, TFEB, and HECTD3 in uninfected BMDMs and WT and *Hectd3^{-/-}* BMDMs infected with *F. novicida* for indicated times. (**E**) Inflammasome

activation was detected in WT and *Hectd3^{-/-}* BMDMs infected with BCG-GFP or *Listeria*. Supernatant (Sup) was used to detect cleaved caspase 1; cell lysate (Cell) was used for pre-caspase-1, HECTD3, and GAPDH blotting. GAPDH was used as loading control. Data represent 3 independent experiments.

Supplemental Figure 9. HECTD3 is essential for TRIF- and STINGdependent type I IFN production. (A) Gene expression analysis of WT and $Hectd3^{-/-}$ BMDMs in response to Pam3CSK4 stimulation for indicated times. (B) Gene expression analysis of WT and $Hectd3^{-/-}$ BMDMs in response to imiquimod or CpG ODN stimulation for indicated times. (C) Gene expression analysis of WT and $Hectd3^{-/-}$ BMDMs in response to poly(I:C) or dsRNA transfection treatment for indicated times. (D) Gene expression analysis of WT and $Hectd3^{-/-}$ MEFs in response to poly(I:C) or dsRNA transfection treatment for indicated times. Data represent 3 independent experiments and are presented as mean±SEM. *, P<0.05; ns, not significant.

Supplemental Figure 10. HECTD3 interacts with TRIF, STING and TBK1. Immunoblot analysis of HECTD3 that co-immunoprecipitated with FLAG-tagged TRIF, STING, and TBK1 from lysates of HEK293T cells transfected with plasmids as indicated. Data represent 3 independent experiments.

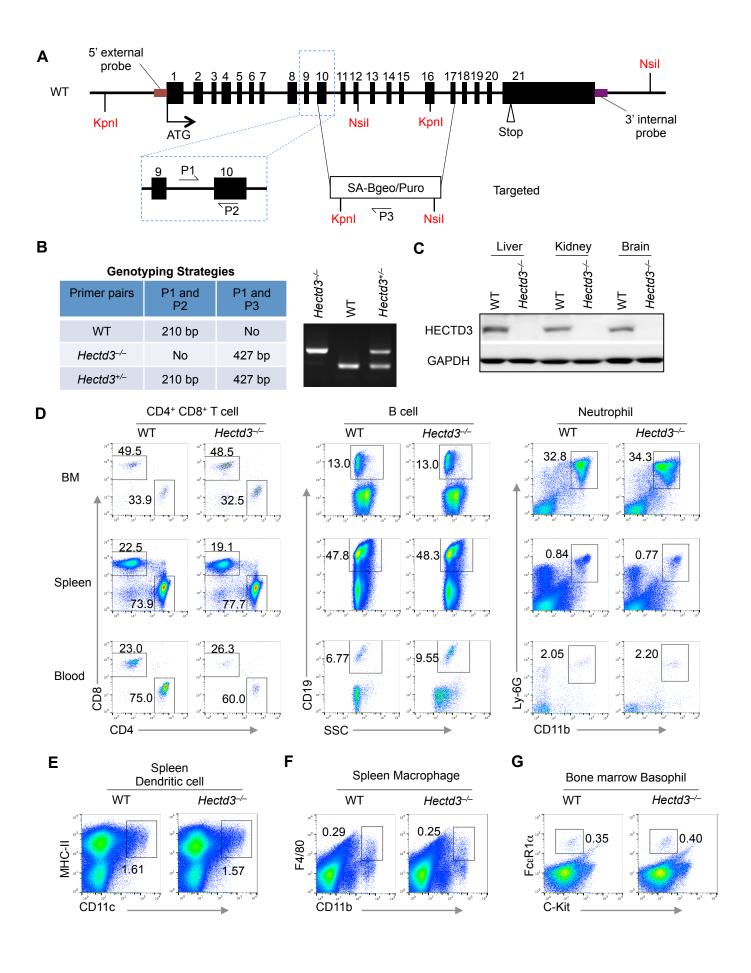
Supplemental Figure 11. HECTD3-mediated TRAF3 polyubiquitination and TBK1 activation. (A) Co-IP analysis of K6-, K11-, K27-, K29-, K33- or K0 (all

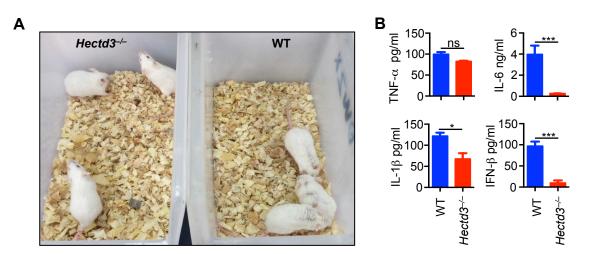
Lysine residues were mutated)-linked polyubiquitination of TRAF3 mediated by HECTD3 in HEK293T cells transfected with plasmids as indicated. K48+MG132 indicates detection of K48-linked polyubiquitination of TRAF3 in the presence of MG132 treatment. (**B**) Upon bacterial infection, TLR4, TLR3, and cGAS engagements recruit adaptor proteins TRIF and STING to activate TRAF3. In turn, HECTD3-mediated K63-linked polyubiquitination of TRAF3 facilitates the activation of TBK1 by TRAF3-associated complexes and type I IFN induction. Data represent 2 independent experiments for (**A**).

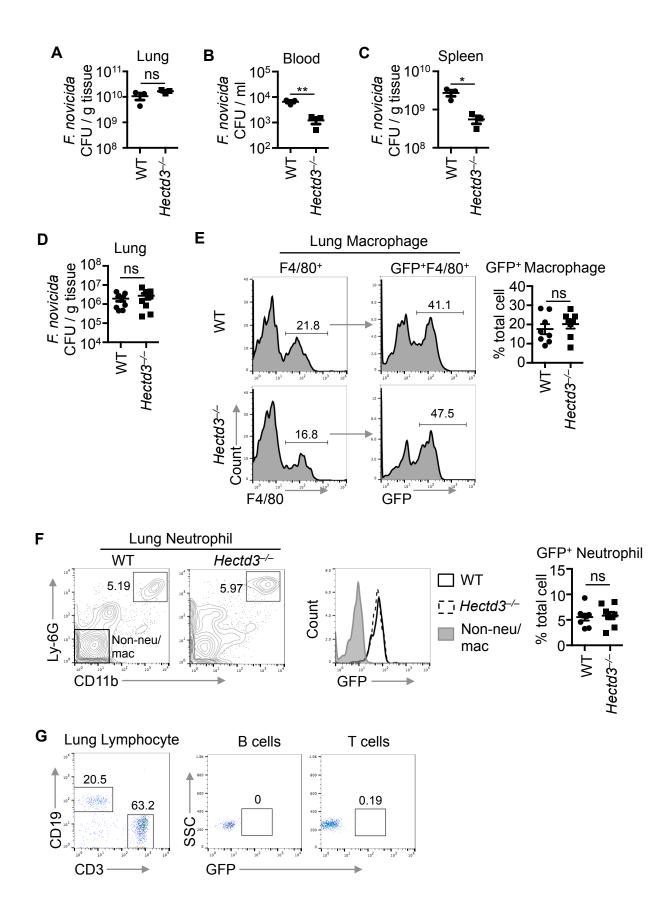
Supplementary Tables

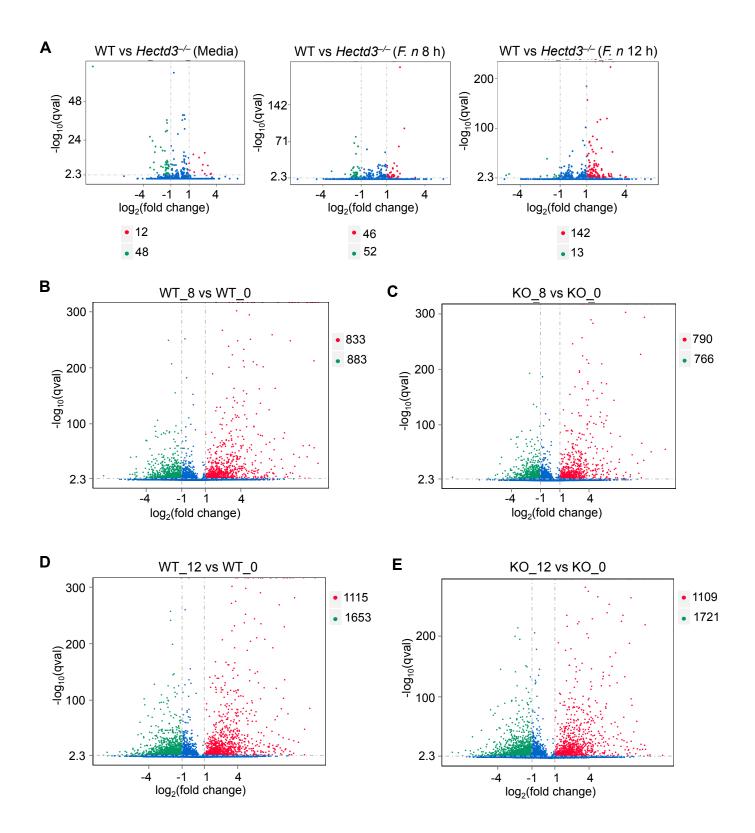
Supplemental Table 1. Upregulated genes. Comparison of genes upregulated in uninfected WT BMDMs versus uninfected *Hectd3^{-/-}* BMDMs; WT BMDMs infected with *F. novicida* for 8 h versus *Hectd3^{-/-}* BMDMs infected with *F. novicida* for 8 h; WT BMDMs infected with *F. novicida* for 12 h versus *Hectd3^{-/-}* BMDMs infected with *F. novicida* for 12 h; WT BMDMs infected with *F. novicida* for 8 h versus uninfected WT BMDMs; *Hectd3^{-/-}* BMDMs infected with *F. novicida* for 8 h versus uninfected Hectd3^{-/-} BMDMs; WT BMDMs infected with *F. novicida* for 12 h versus uninfected Hectd3^{-/-} BMDMs; WT BMDMs infected with *F. novicida* for 12 h versus uninfected Hectd3^{-/-} BMDMs; WT BMDMs infected with *F. novicida* for 12 h versus uninfected WT BMDMs; and Hectd3^{-/-} BMDMs infected with *F. novicida* for 12 h versus uninfected Hectd3^{-/-} BMDMs.

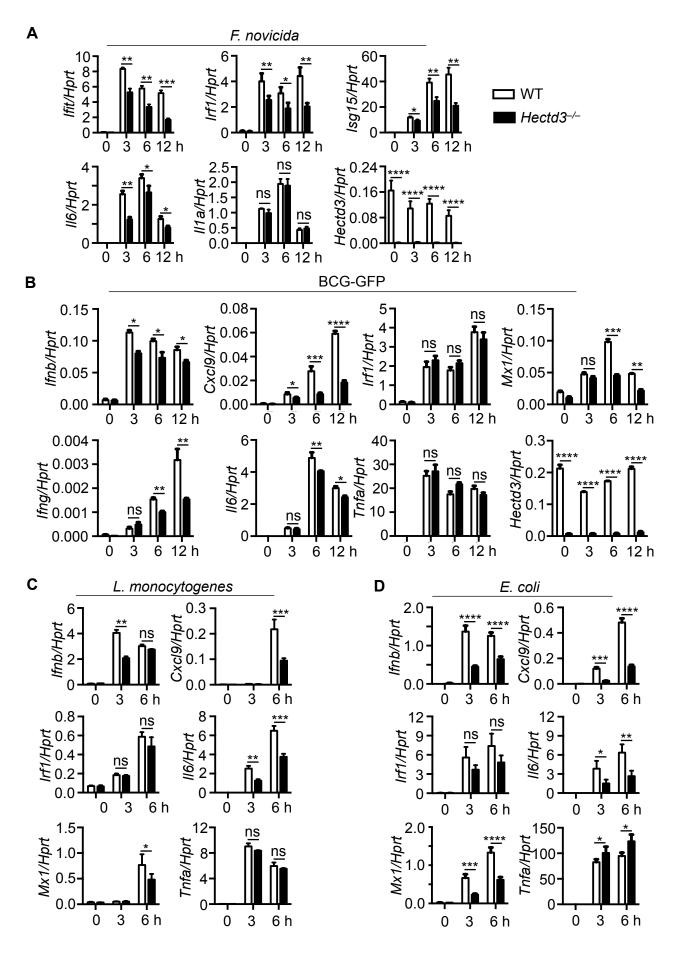
Supplemental Table 2. Primer sequences for real-time qPCR.



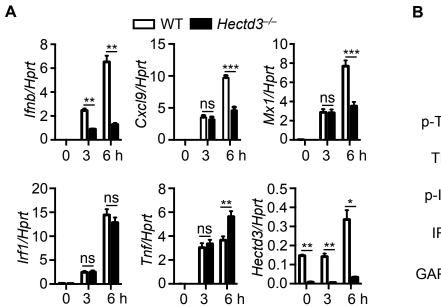


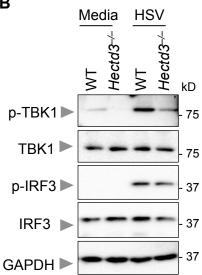


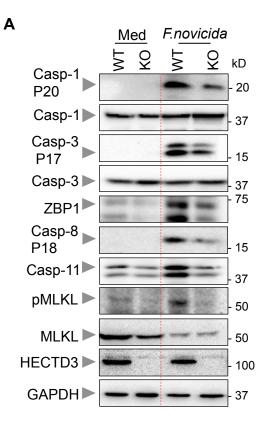


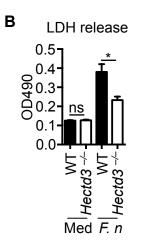


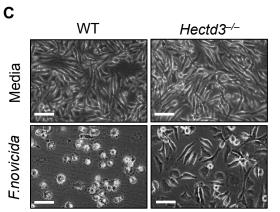
Supplemental Figure 5

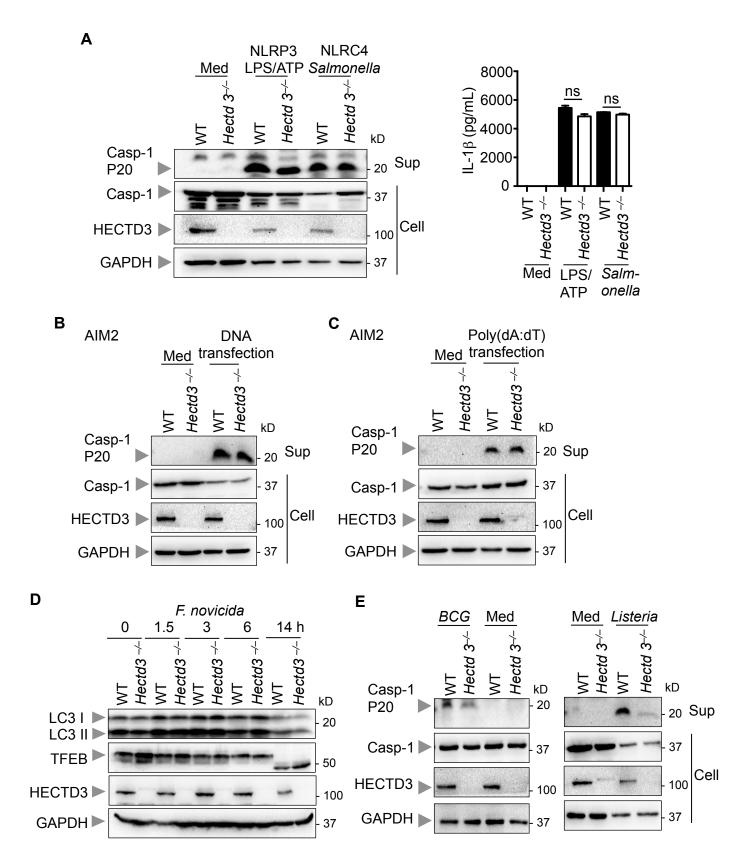


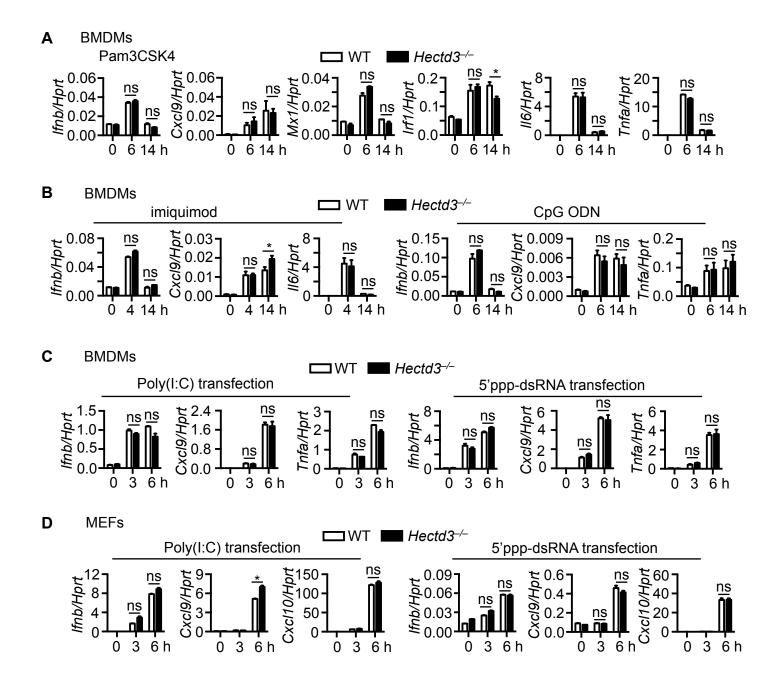


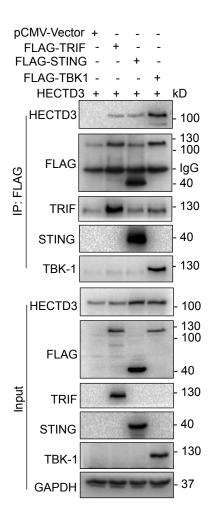


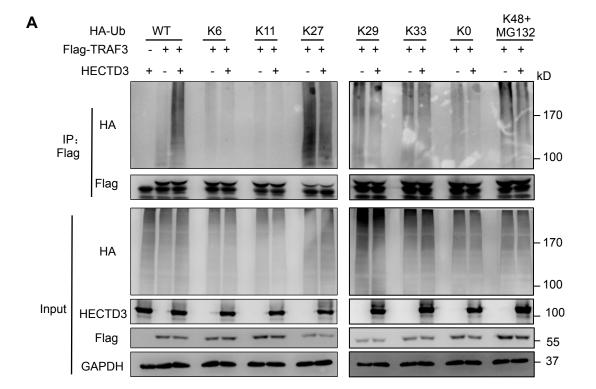












F. novicida 435 Listeria BCG un E.coli TLR4 ********** TRIF Vacuole (unin 16 Cytosolic escape TLR3 V/V/ TRIF cGAS cGAMP \odot STING TRAF3 K63- ub ub ub ~~~ TBK1 P IRF3 P **HECTD3** P IRF3 IRF3 IFN-I 00000000000

В